

upf. BARCELONA SCHOOL OF MANAGEMENT





Regulatory capture

Andrea Saltelli

Course at JRC-Ispra, September 2023

Where to find this talk: www.andreasaltelli.eu



HOME

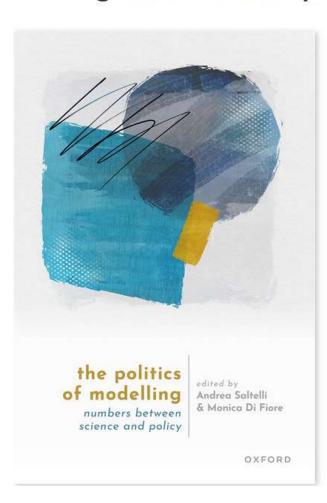
ABOUT ME

PUBLICATIONS

NEWS & VIDEOS

RESOURCES

August 25 2023: The politics of modelling is out!



Praise for the volume

"A long awaited examination of the role—and obligation—of modeling."

Nassim Nicholas Taleb , Distinguished Professor of Risk Engineering, NYU Tandon School of Engineering. Author, of the 5 -volume series Incerto.

"A breath of fresh air and a much needed cautionary view of the ever-widening dependence on mathematical modeling."

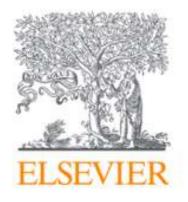
Orrin H. Pilkey, Professor at Duke University's Nicholas School of the Environment, co-author with Linda Pilkey-Jarvis of Useless Arithmetic: Why Environmental Scientists Can't Predict the Future, Columbia University Press 2009.

"The methods by which power insinuates itself



- From the abstract
- Epistemic ladder
- Pigou, Stigler, Olson
- Regulatory capitalism
- Cognitive capture
- Jasanoff
- Lakoff and Mirowski
- Laurens and Drutman
- Pollinators
- Ann Glover
- A black pearl
- Merchants of Doubt
- The Brussels declaration
- Innovation principle
- Strategies so rapides et inédites

Based on:



Futures

Available online 26 October 2021

In Press, Journal Pre-proof ?



Science, the endless frontier of regulatory capture

Andrea Saltelli ^a $\stackrel{>}{\sim}$ $\stackrel{\boxtimes}{\bowtie}$, Dorothy J. Dankel ^{b, c}, Monica Di Fiore ^d, Nina Holland ^e, Martin Pigeon ^e

From the abstract:

... a form of corporate penetration which is based on a strategic use of the image and legitimacy of science

...cases where lobbyists present themselves as upholders of the values of the evidence-based policy, and interested in the methodological and ethical aspect of science for policy

From the abstract:

Epistemic ladder: lobbyists move from questioning the evidence to questioning its legitimacy, all the way to creating a worldview where not only the evidence, but the very idea of regulation, become irrelevant or undesirable

An epistemic ladder for regulatory capture

- Epistemic. Invalidating the inference or the methods
- Institutional. Delegitimising and/or 'colonising' institutions
- Political. Promoting a worldview where the very idea of regulation is undesirable



Futures

Available online 26 October 2021
In Press, Journal Pre-proof ?



Science, the endless frontier of regulatory capture



What is regulatory capture?

quis custodiet ipsos custodes?

SATYRÆ.

Decimus Junius Juvenalis 1st century AD



Da Ercolano, Museo Archeologico Nazionale di Napoli

"Regulatory capture is the process through which special interests affect state intervention in any of its forms, which can include areas as diverse as the setting of taxes, the choice of foreign or monetary policy, or the legislation affecting R&D"

(Dal Bó, Ernesto. 2006. "REGULATORY CAPTURE: A REVIEW." Oxford Review of Economic Policy22: 203-25)

The ineluctability of regulatory capture cuts across schools of economic thought: public interest theory and regulatory capture theory



Arthur Cecil Pigou 1877 –1959

George J. Stigler 1911 –1991



Regulation in the public interest theory is seen as a need originating from market failure – hence the need for regulatory intervention



Arthur Cecil Pigou 1877 –1959

Regulation in regulatory capture theory is seen as a result of particular interests which are favoured by it

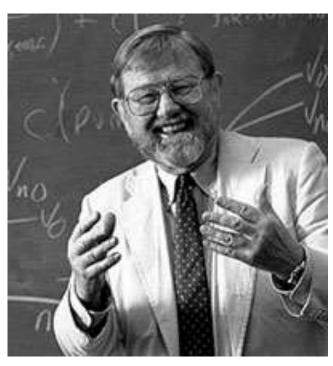
"regulation is acquired by the industry and is designed and operated primarily for its benefit"

George J. Stigler 1911 –1991

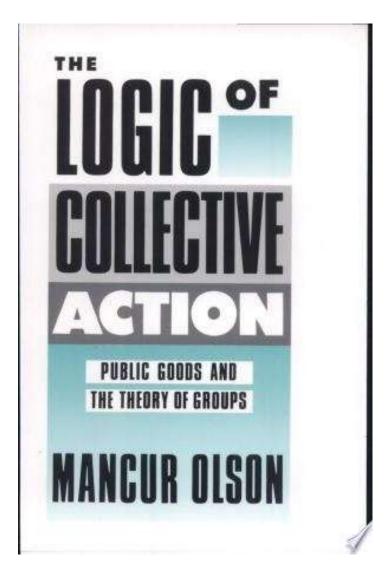


"The logic of collective action": well-organized minorities win over majorities when it comes to satisfying their

interests



Mancur Olson 1932 –1998



Beryl L. Crowe: a regulatory capture cycle

- An agency is created as a result of a period of social alarm
- Eventually, interest groups take control
- In the final phase, even the staff of the agency comes from the interest groups it should regulate

The Tragedy of the Commons Revisited



Beryl L. Crowe: a regulatory capture cycle

 At the end of the cycle the regulators offer to society symbolic assurances, while their day-today job is to favour special interests

The Tragedy of the Commons Revisited

SCIENCE

Paul Sabatier: a "Less pessimistic theory"

Regulators can take "active measures to reinvigorate and/or create a constituency supportive of aggressive regulation".

Sabatier, Paul. 1975. "Social Movements and Regulatory Agencies: Toward a More Adequate-and Less Pessimistic-Theory of 'Clientele Capture.'" Policy Sciences 6 (3): 301-42.

→ consumer organizations, environmental groups, and public interest law firms

A more recent concept: regulatory capitalism, the new global world order where the importance of rules as a source of power has increased in scope



Copyright Shutterstock.com

Regulatory capitalism

Optimistic view: allowing a more balanced approach to the distribution of power and resources in favour of the global poor (Levi-Faur, David [Editor of Regulation and Governance]. 2005. "The Global Diffusion of Regulatory Capitalism." The ANNALS of the American Academy of Political and Social Science 598 (1): 12–32.)

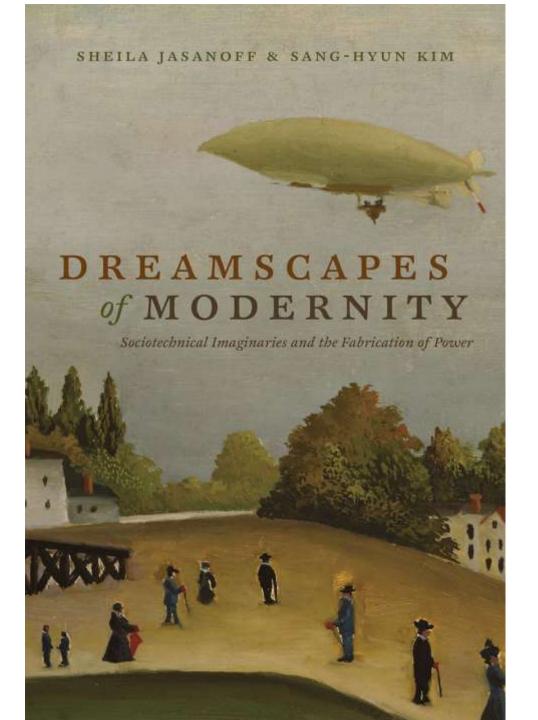
Pessimistic view: act of the tragedy of commodification, made possible by a subservient and commodified science Drahos, Peter. 2020. "Responsive Science." Annual Review of Law and Social Science16 (1): annurev-lawsocsci-040220-065454.

Cognitive capture?

"regulators may come to view the world the way firms do, not because they have been captured through incentives, but because they have been convinced"

(Dal Bó, Ernesto. 2006. "REGULATORY CAPTURE: A REVIEW." Oxford Review of Economic Policy22: 203-25)

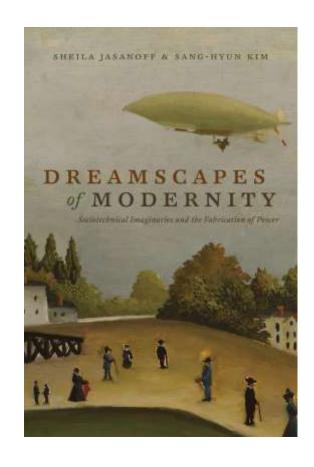
A battle about dominating the sociotechnical imaginary





Sheila Jasanoff

How visions of scientific and technological progress carry with them implicit ideas about public purposes, collective futures, and the common good





Sheila Jasanoff



George Lakoff



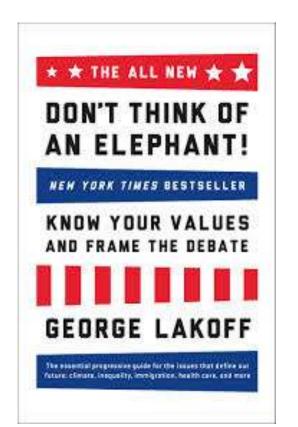
Philip Mirowski

Cognitive capture?

For George Lakoff and Philip Mirowski a neoliberal order seems to have won the ideological battle of hearts and minds



George Lakoff



Frames: The expression 'tax relief' is apparently innocuous but it suggests that tax is a burden, as opposed to what pays public expenditures

Lakoff, G., 2010, Why it Matters How We Frame the Environment, Environmental Communication: A Journal of Nature and Culture, 4:1, 70-81.

Lakoff, G., 2004-2014, Don't think of an elephant: know your values and frame the debate, Chelsea Green Publishing.



Philip Mirowski

Cognitive capture?

Mirowski suggests accepting the existence since the 50's of a Neoliberal Though Collective consolidating a philosophical credo (market knows best, government is an impediment, there is no such thing as a society…)

Mont Pèlerin Society, Atlas Foundation, Liberty Fund, Mercatus Center, Heritage Action, Ethics and Public Policy Center, Federalist Society…

P. Mirowski, "Hell Is Truth Seen Too Late," Bound. 2, vol. 46, no. 1, pp. 1–53, Feb. 2019.



Oxford/AstraZeneca Covid vaccine research 'was 97% publicly funded'

Analysis rebuts claim by Boris Johnson that jab was developed 'because of greed'



"the record-fast development of Covid-19 vaccines was "because of capitalism, because of greed"



What has science to do with all that?

Power asymmetries in the framing of issues: those who have the deepest pockets marshal the best [foremost 'scientific'] evidence

Sylvain Laurens



LOBBYISTS AND BUREAUCRATS IN BRUSSELS

CAPITALISM'S BROKERS

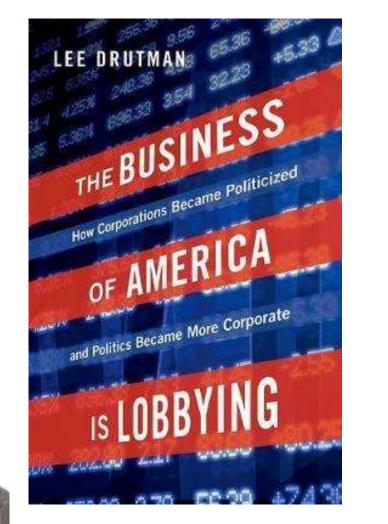










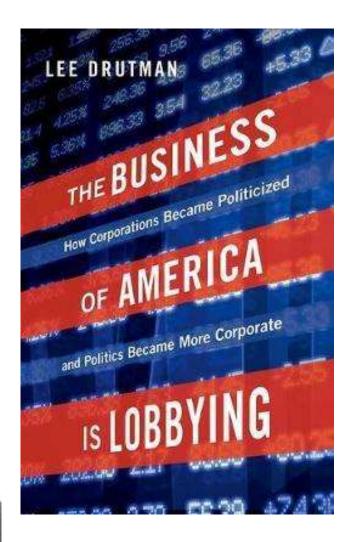


For both Laurens and Drutman a salient aspect of this power is lobbyists' access to more and better disseminated knowledge/science

"They have the data"



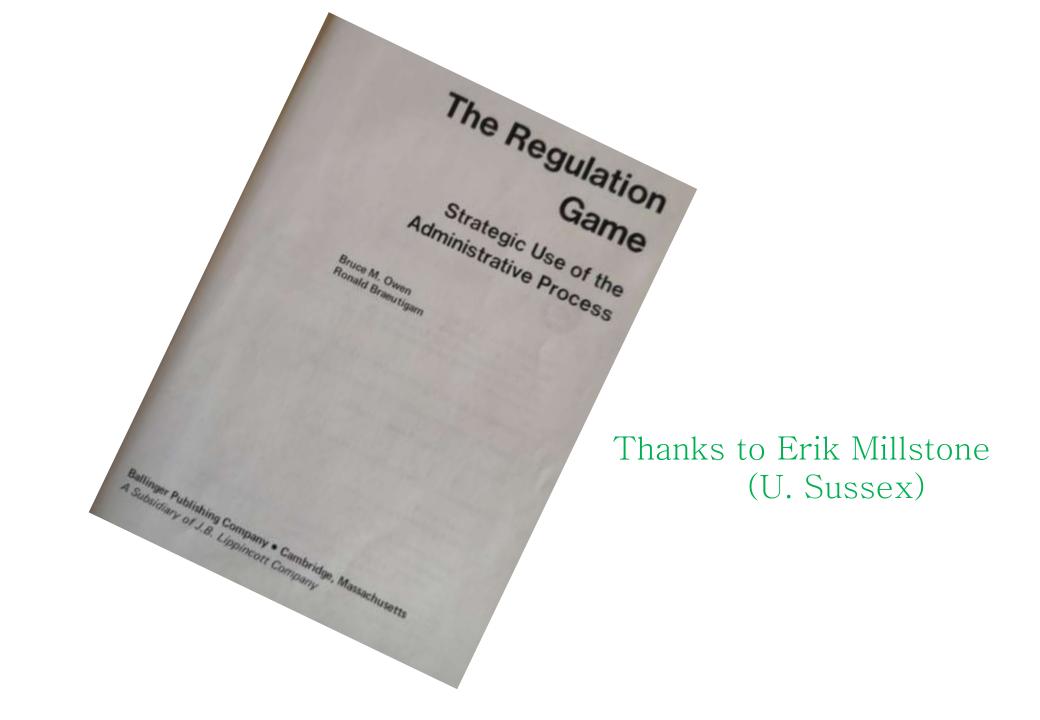
metry could take the form of an office for Public Lobbying, offered to citizens on the same rationale whereby indigent defendants are provided with legal counsel by the courts



Lee Drutman

... Knowledge as "the currency of lobbies" (S. Laurens)





Owen, B. M., & Braeutigam, R., 1978 The regulation game,: Strategic Use of the Administrative Process, Ballinger Press

··· remember regulatory capture theory

George J. Stigler 1911 –1991



"Regulatory policy is increasingly made with the participation of experts, especially academics.

A regulated firm or industry should be prepared whenever possible to co-opt these experts.

This is most effectively done by identifying the leading expert in each relevant field and hiring them as consultants or advisors or giving them research grant or the like"

Owen, B. M., & Braeutigam, R., 1978 The regulation game, : Strategic Use of the Administrative Process, Ballinger Press

"This activity requires a modicum of finesse; it must not be too blatant, for the experts themselves must not recognize that they have lost their objectivity and freedom of action"

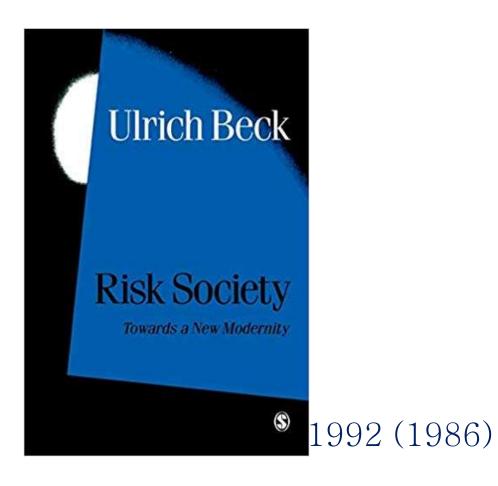


Owen, B. M., & Braeutigam, R., 1978 The regulation game, : Strategic Use of the Administrative Process, Ballinger Press

Corporate policy: get 'the best' among scientists ...
Seducing them 'with a modicum of finesse'



Science as a self-service shop for financially well-endowed customers in need of arguments (Beck 1992)



Ulrich Beck (1944 –2015)

The next level of corporate capture: the battle for 'sound science' against "junk science"





Am J Public Health. 2001 November; 91(11): 1749–1757. PMCID: PMC1446868

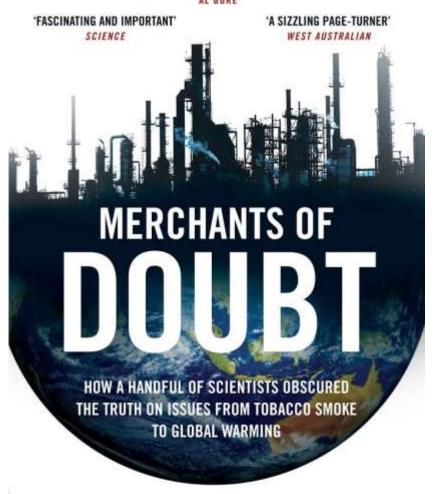
PMID: 11684593

doi: 10.2105/ajph.91.11.1749

Constructing "Sound Science" and "Good Epidemiology": Tobacco, Lawyers, and Public Relations Firms

Elisa K. Ong, MD, MS and Stanton A. Glantz, PhD

'ANYONE CONCERNED ABOUT THE STATE OF DEMOCRACY SHOULD READ THIS BOOK' AL GORE



NAOMI ORESKES & ERIK M. CONWAY

Shortlisted for the 2010 Las Angeles Times Book Prize

BLOOMSBURY



Naomi Oreskes and Erik M. Conway

Science's crisis is also fodder for the lobbyists



Futures

Volume 104, December 2018, Pages 85-90



Why science's crisis should not become a political battling ground

Andrea, Saltelli

Science's crisis is also fodder for the lobbyists



Futures

Volume 104, December 2018, Pages 85-90



Why science's crisis should not become a political battling ground

Andrea, Saltelli ⊠

Highlights

- Science' reproducibility crisis has become a political and industrial battleground.
- Conservatives and corporate interests use the crisis to weaken regulations, their opponent deny the existence of even a reproducibility crisis.

Beware: transparency rule is a **Trojan Horse**



Like tobacco lobbyists and climate-change deniers, the US Environmental Protection Agency is co-opting scientific trappings to sow doubt, warns Naomi Oreskes.

Naomi Oreskes **WORLD VIEW** ⋅ 22 MAY 2018

nature

"The crisis is the attempt to discredit scientific findings that threaten powerful corporate interests"

A federal court has vacated the Trump administration's "secret science" Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) rule, which critics had said would undermine the use of public health studies in agency rulemaking.



Court tosses Trump EPA's 'secret science' rule

BY RACHEL FRAZIN - 02/01/21 01:51 PM EST

New games from chemical, pharmaceutical, surgical, food, tobacco, and sugar companies



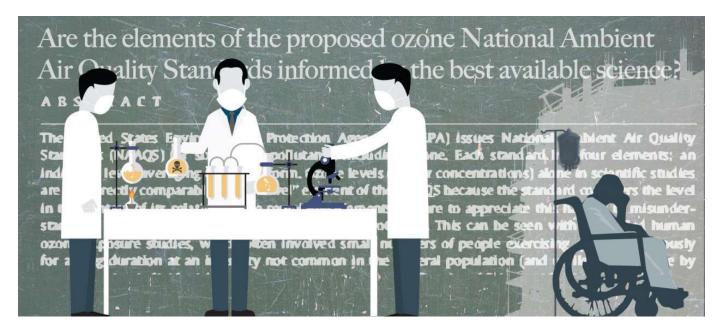
https://theintercept.com/2016/11/15/how-self-appointed-guardians-of-sound-science-tip-the-scales-toward-industry/

Lobbyists recruit laws firms which in turn recruit scientific services for their customer;



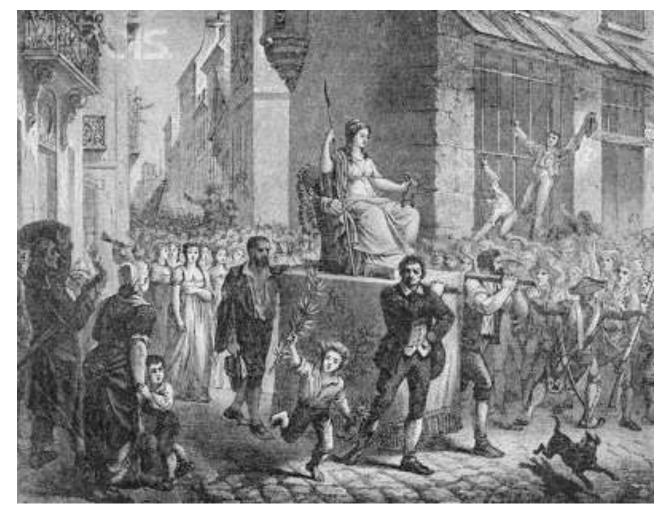
http://www.publicintegrity.org/2016/02/08/19223/meet-rented-white-coats-who-defend-toxic-chemicals

"Nearly half of Gradient's articles that are peer-reviewed are published in two journals with strong ties to industry, *Critical Reviews in Toxicology* and *Regulatory Toxicology and Pharmacology*" [Gradient is the research services company enrolled by law firms]



http://www.publicintegrity.org/2016/02/08/19223/meet-rented-white-coats-who-defend-toxic-chemicals

The last stage: from guardians of 'sound science' to guardians of reason



Procession Of The Goddess Of Reason, 10 November 1793. Engraved By Meyer-Heine After Renaud. From Histoire De La Revolution Française By Louis Blanc.

Guardians of reason

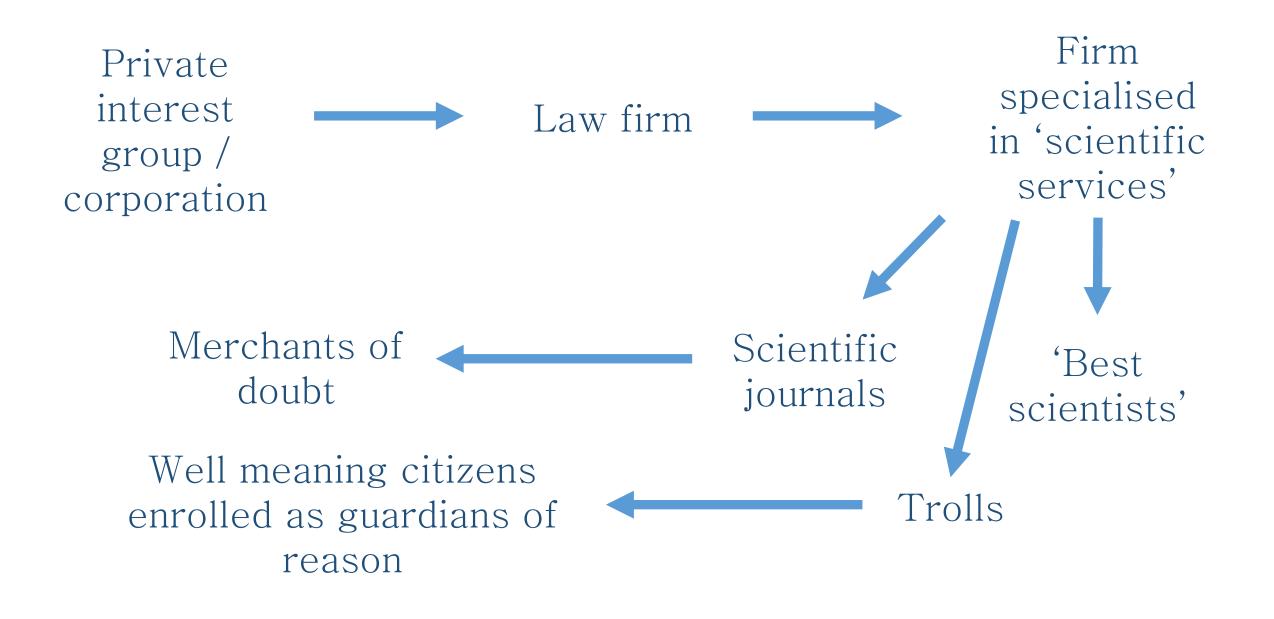


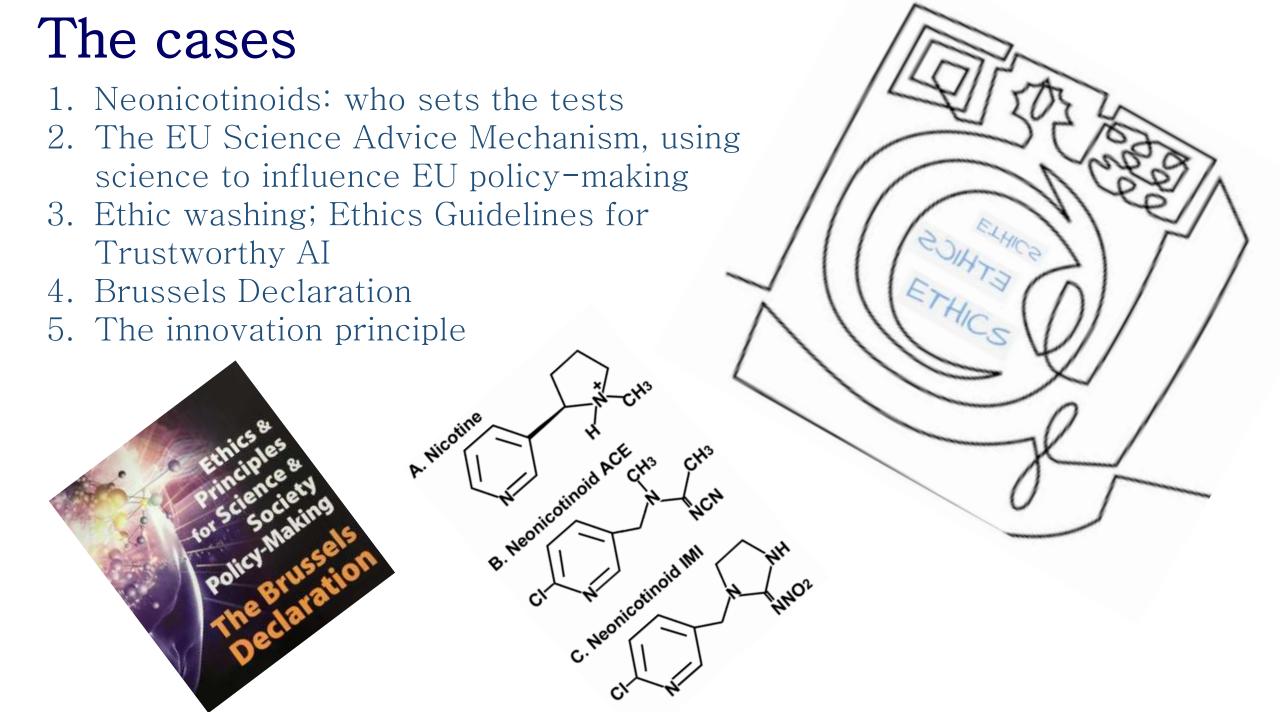
Guardians of sound science



Enquête sur la désinformation scientifique

Well-meaning educators, scientific bloggers or micro-influencers, science associations are hijacked by corporate lobbyists to defend industrial positions on issues such as herbicides, genetically modified crops, nuclear energy, climate A new frontier of lobbying, where the new game consists in colonizing the entire space of scientific intermediation An army of self-proclaimed 'fact checkers' becomes mobilized in the defence of a neoliberal and conservative credo, posing as victims of an assault on science perpetrated by the purported enemies of reason



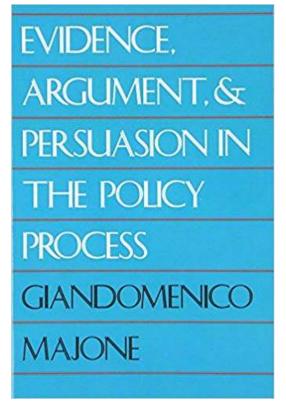


1. Neonicotinoids: How can corporate power manage to influences the methodologies whereby evidence is produced?

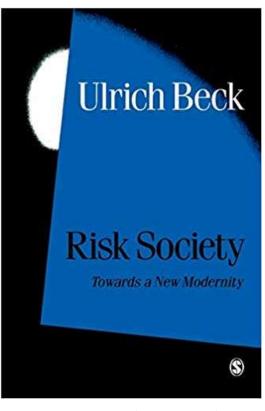
The battle over how to measure & over who should decide how to measure

Why?
The methodology is never neutral

From Ulrich Beck to Giandomenico Majone: the technique is never neutral







1992 (1986)



Ulrich Beck (1944 –2015)



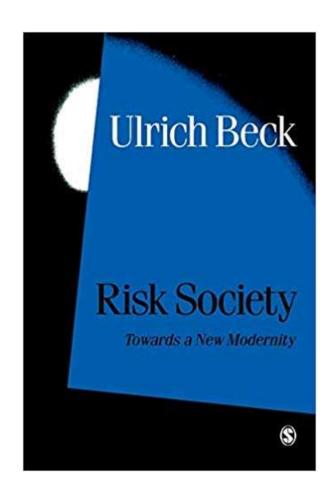
Environmental Science & Policy Volume 106, April 2020, Pages 87-98



The technique is never neutral. How methodological choices condition the generation of narratives for sustainability

Andrea Saltelli ^{a, b} $\stackrel{\triangleright}{\sim}$ $\stackrel{\boxtimes}{\bowtie}$, Lorenzo Benini ^c, Silvio Funtowicz ^a, Mario Giampietro ^{d, e}, Matthias Kaiser ^a, Erik Reinert ^{a, f}, Jeroen P. van der Sluijs ^{a, g, h}

"It is not uncommon for political programs to be decided in advance simply by the choice of what expert representatives are included in the circle of advisers."



1992 (1986)



Ulrich Beck (1944 –2015)

Decline of pollinators (windshield effect)

Insects Opinion

Insectageddon: farming is more catastrophic than climate breakdown

George Monbiot

The shocking collapse of insect populations hints at a global

ecological meltdown

■ @GeorgeMonbiot

Fri 20 Oct 2017 12.11 BST



While the foraging area of bees may extend over up to 9 km away from the honeybees, and the impact of insecticides implies bioaccumulation and hence long term effects, the prevailing measuring techniques held valid in regulation fail to detect the toxicity of these insecticides



Jeroen van der Sluijs

Van der Sluijs, Jeroen P., Noa Simon-Delso, Dave Goulson, Laura Maxim, Jean-Marc Bonmatin, and Luc P Belzunces. 2013. "Neonicotinoids, Bee Disorders and the Sustainability of Pollinator Services." Current Opinion in Environmental Sustainability 5 (3-4): 293-305.





Robinson, Claire, et al. 2018. "Ensuring a Higher Level of Protection from Pesticides in Europe: The Problems with Current Pesticide Risk Assessment Procedures in the EU and Proposed Solutions. A White Paper Prepared for the Coalition Citizens for Science in Pesticide Regulation." https://doi.org/10.5281/ZENODO.2543 743.





The white paper reveals a jungle of conflicts of interests, loopholes, and sloppy regulation in the way pesticides are regulated in the EU

Structural reasons for the EFSA and European Commission commitment to a 'sound-science'?

- Commitment to the single market: the EC needs a centralized, standardized, risk assessment approach
- A pro-biotech agenda in the interest of EU growth and competitiveness

Zwanenberg, Patrick van. 2020. "The Unravelling of Technocratic Orthodoxy." In The Politics of Uncertainty, edited by Ian Scoones and Andy Stirling, 58–72. Routledge

Structural reasons for the EFSA and European Commission commitment to a 'sound-science'?

- A fear that abandoning a standardized approach may open the road to endless deconstruction, leading to more burdensome regulations

Zwanenberg, Patrick van. 2020. "The Unravelling of Technocratic Orthodoxy." In The Politics of Uncertainty, edited by Ian Scoones and Andy Stirling, 58–72. Routledge

Structural reasons for the EFSA and European Commission commitment to a 'sound-science'?

- A latent form of scientism among officials who sincerely subscribe to a vision of science's neutrality – so that critical voices must be either 'hidden interests' or 'anti-science'

Zwanenberg, Patrick van. 2020. "The Unravelling of Technocratic Orthodoxy." In The Politics of Uncertainty, edited by Ian Scoones and Andy Stirling, 58–72. Routledge

Wynne, Brian. 2014. "Further Disorientation in the Hall of Mirrors." Public Understanding of Science. SAGE PublicationsSage UK: London, England.

2. The EU science advice mechanism

Chief Science Advisor – a "constant target for lobbying", but not well equipped to deal with it



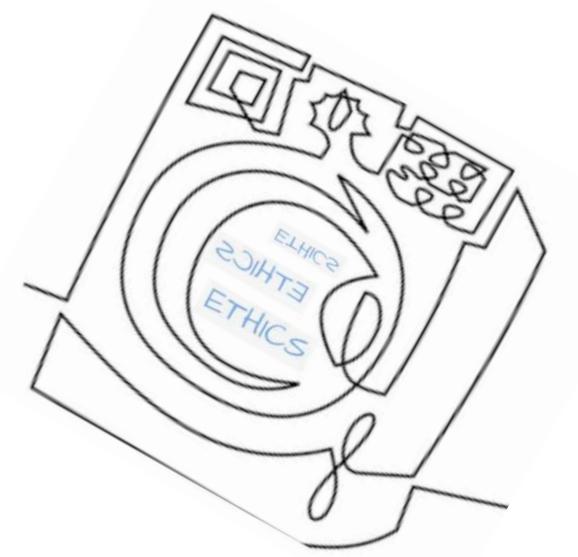
The EU Chief Scientific Adviser and endocrine disrupting chemicals

New evidence the role's existence enabled undue influence at the top of the European Commission



Ann Glover
Chief Scientific
Adviser to the
President of the
European Commission
from 2012 to 2014

3. Ethic washing: Guidelines for AI. Are scientific ethical committees a venue lobbyists?





Thomas Metzinger



EU guidelines

08.04.2019, 15:48 Uhr

Ethics washing made in Europe By Thomas Metzinger

On Tuesday, the EU has published ethics guidelines for artificial intelligence. A member of the expert group that drew up the paper says: This is a case of ethical white-washing

https://www.tagesspiegel.de/politik/eu-guidelines-ethics-washing-made-in-europe/24195496.html

A commission of 52 members, "with only four ethicists alongside 48 non-ethicists – representatives from politics, universities, civil society, and above all industry"



"ethics washing = cultivating ethical debates to buy time, distract the public and to prevent or at least delay effective regulation ··· industry is building one "ethics washing machine" after another"



Participatory washing?



4. The 2017 Brussels

Declaration



- Promoted by World Science Forum
- Journal Nature (January 2017)
- Announced by (AAAS, February 2017)
- Events in 2012–2016, 300 individuals from 35 countries

Published: 19 January 2017

nature

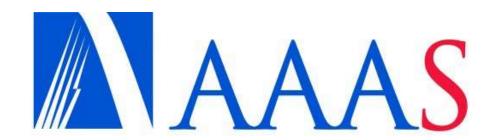
Brussels Declaration

Twenty-point plan for science policy

Michel Kazatchkine, Julian Kinderlerer & Aidan Gilligan

Nature 541, 289(2017) Cite this article

138 Accesses 1 Citations 19 Altmetric Metrics



ADVANCING SCIENCE, SERVING SOCIETY

• Attended by the elite of EU science governance: president of ERC, Former Chief Science Adviser to EC President, European Commission's cadres,

Lancet's Richard Horton…



Then someone pulls the alarm

industries that are anathema to health"



THE LANCET

Richard Horton complains that his name, photo, and one of his statements being dragged into a document "whose intention seems to be to undermine the value of science in policy making, and was created with the input of

What had happened?

The event had an important presence of alcohol and tobacco lobbies



Source: https://www.gr8ambitionz.com/

What is written in the declaration?

Scientists must learn to use established communication channels for providing policy advice more effectively and be less aloof and perhaps less arrogant.

Scientists need to recognise that they are advocates with vested interests too—in their case, in their own science.

Industry is an investor in knowledge generation and science and has every right to have its voice heard.

Nevertheless, industry is too often perceived as suffering from fatal conflicts of interest and its views are therefore dismissed.

In fact, commercial conflicts of interest are fairly easy to deal with if they are properly declared and the relationship between the science and the marketing made explicit.

Ideological, personal, or academic conflicts of interest, on the other hand, are much harder to detect or deal with.

... the precautionary principle must not be misused in a way that impedes technological progress towards reducing risk or public harms.



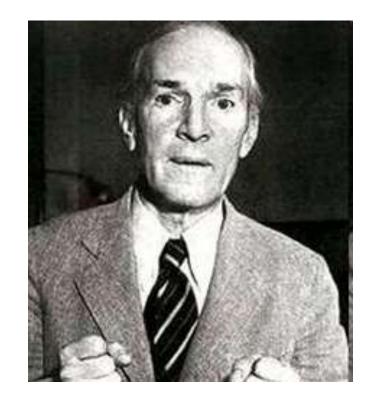
Lisa A. Bero

Why are scientists so gullible?

Lisa A. Bero, "Ten tips for spotting industry involvement in science policy," Tob. Control, p. tobaccocontrol-2018-054386, Jun. 2018.

A possible answer:

"If is difficult to get a man to understand something when his salary depends upon his not understanding it."



Upton Sinclair

5. Innovation principle: How can corporate influence lead to the creation of a new EU principle?





Home > News > Innovation principle makes EU laws smarter and future-oriented, experts say

NEWS | 25 November 2019 | Brussels, Belgium | Research and Innovation

Innovation principle makes EU laws smarter and future-oriented, experts say

The innovation principle



Ensuring EU legislation supports innovation

What is the Innovation Principle?

The Innovation Principle is a tool to help achieve EU policy objectives by ensuring that legislation is designed in a way that creates the best possible conditions for innovation to flourish.

The principle means that in future when the Commission develops new initiatives it will take into account the effect on innovation.

This will ensure that all new EU policy or regulations support innovation and that the regulatory framework in Europe is innovation-friendly.

"In 2013, the European Risk Forum, with the support of CEOs from twenty-two of the world's largest corporate investors in innovation, launched the Innovation Principle (IP).











The European Regulation and Innovation Forum For a sustainable future through good quality regulation and innovation

Holland, Nina. 2018. "The 'Innovation Principle' Trap." Corporate Europe Observatory. 2018. https://corporateeurope.org/en/environment/2018/12/innovation-principle-trap

"Actively supported by BusinessEurope and the European Roundtable of Industrialists, endorsed by the European Council and supported by successive EU presidencies, it has achieved significant prominence within the EU institutions"











The European Regulation and Innovation Forum For a sustainable future through good quality regulation and innovation

Holland, Nina. 2018. "The 'Innovation Principle' Trap." Corporate Europe Observatory. 2018. https://corporateeurope.org/en/environment/2018/12/innovation-principle-trap















The European Regulation and Innovation Forum For a sustainable future through good quality regulation and innovation

Against the principle of precaution:

"How an industry association wrote a new principle on innovation and succeeded in introducing this [innovation] principle into a number of European Union (EU) texts"

Garnett, Kathleen & Van Calster, Geert & Reins, Leonie. (2018). Towards an innovation principle: an industry trump or shortening the odds on environmental protection? Law, Innovation and Technology. 10. 1-14. 10.1080/17579961.2018.1455023.

"This is the first time an industry association has successfully tried to introduce a new principle into the EU's legal order"

Garnett, Kathleen & Van Calster, Geert & Reins, Leonie. (2018). Towards an innovation principle: an industry trump or shortening the odds on environmental protection? Law, Innovation and Technology. 10. 1-14. 10.1080/17579961.2018.1455023.

This is not the end of the story, as ERF now chose to 'energize' the proportionality principle with 'Four conditions'



PROPORTIONALITY PRINCIPLE AND THE MANAGEMENT OF RISK

HIGHLIGHTS NOTE 12

Source: https://www.eriforum.eu/uploads/2/5/7/1/25710097/erif_highlights_12_-
_proportionality_principle.pdf, published June 2020

The principle of proportionality is subject to four conditions:

- •Importance of objective—the intended goal, theoretical or practical, must be important;
- •Relevance of means—the means, such as treatment or a drug, must bring about or at least help to achieve the goal;
- •Most favourable option—there is no other less controversial or risky means to achieve the goal;
- •Non-excessiveness—the means used should not be excessive in relation to the intended goal.

Source:

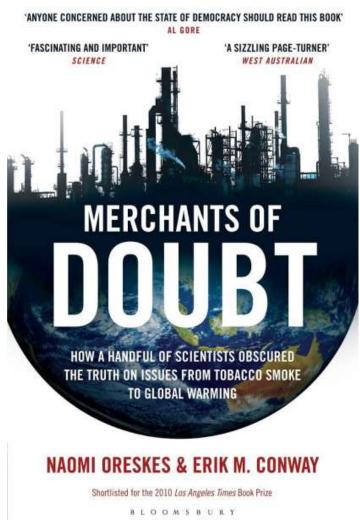
https://www.eriforum.eu/uploads/2/5/7/1/25710097/erif_highlights_12_-_proportionality_principle.pdf, published June 2020



PROPORTIONALITY PRINCIPLE AND THE MANAGEMENT OF RISK

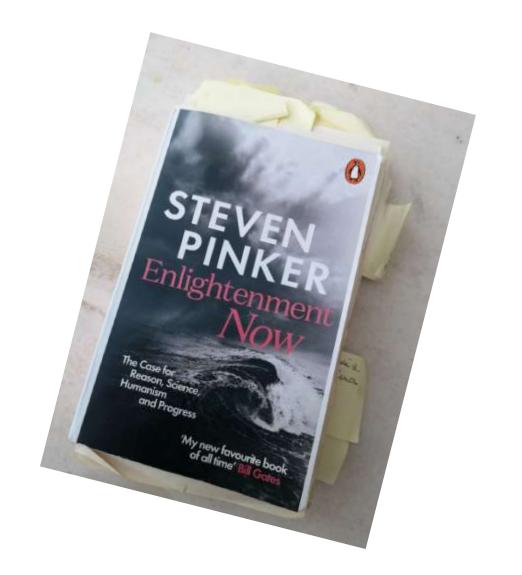
What conditions have made it possible for the frontier of regulatory capture to adopt strategies so *rapides et inédites* (Foucart et al. 2020)

1) Corporate reaction to the unmasking of the strategy of "Merchant of doubts"



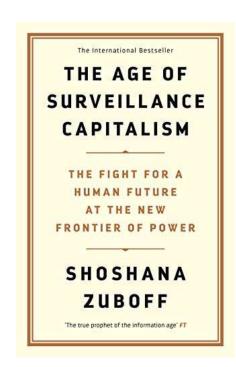
What conditions have made it possible for the frontier of regulatory capture to adopt strategies so *rapides et inédites*

2) A cultural and political climate, 'cosmopolitan or liberal or classical liberalism' which claims for itself the control and the authority of science; doubters can be labelled as enemies of science or victims of 'cultural pessimism' (Pinker 2018).



What conditions have made it possible for the frontier of regulatory capture to adopt strategies so *rapides et inédites*

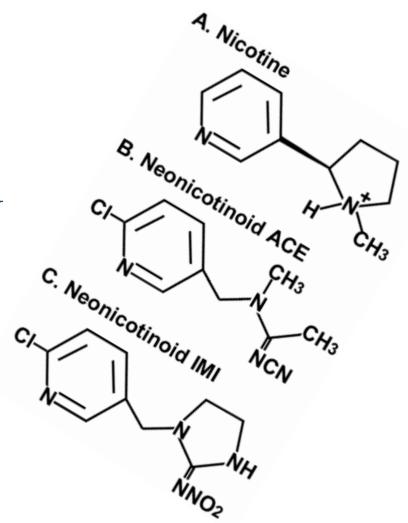
3) New powerful instruments such as the use of AI and algorithms in combination with cognitive psychology and the new social media to influence the behaviour of consumers / voters





An epistemic ladder?

1) Contesting the evidence or influencing the methods whereby the evidence is produced → Epistemic strategy





2) Delegitimising or appropriating the role of the institutional settings which produces the evidence
Institutional strategy



An epistemic ladder?

3) Changing the framework or the worldview, to the effect that regulation is undesirable > Political strategy















The European Regulation and Innovation Forum

For a sustainable future through good quality regulation and innovation

An epistemic ladder for regulatory capture

- Epistemic. Invalidating the inference or the methods
- Institutional. Delegitimising and/or 'colonising' institutions
- Political. Promoting a worldview where the very idea of regulation is undesirable



Futures

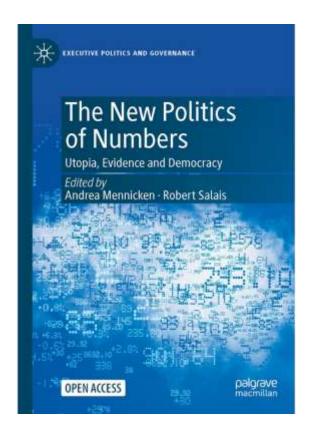
Available online 26 October 2021
In Press, Journal Pre-proof ?

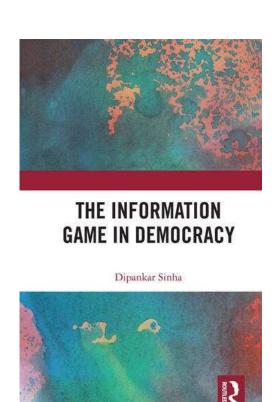


Science, the endless frontier of regulatory capture



How democracy is eroded with new technologies and strategies of information and numerification





Readings

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E N D

Source: The Simpsons, Twentieth Century Fox Film Corporation