Malleable uncertainty

Andrea Saltelli, "Conference on Decision– Making Under Uncertainty in Climate and Macroeconomics", Milano, May 24–25, Bocconi University







Praise for the volume

obligation -of modeling."

Incerto.

"A long awaited examination of the role --- and

Nassim Nicholas Taleb, Distinguished Professor

of Risk Engineering, NYU Tandon School of

Engineering. Author, of the 5 -volume series

"A breath of fresh air and a much needed

dependence on mathematical modeling."

Orrin H. Pilkey, Professor at Duke University's

Nicholas School of the Environment, co-author

with Linda Pilkey-Jarvis of Useless Arithmetic:

Future, Columbia University Press 2009.

Why Environmental Scientists Can't Predict the

cautionary view of the ever-widening

Coming Out Soon: The politics of modelling



the politics of modelling numbers between science and policy

edited by Andrea Saltelli & Monica Di Fiore

OXFORD

.

"The methods by which power insinuates itself into models, and facilitates their portability and amendments, are diverse and sometimes insidious: that is one reason why the range of

Mastodon Toots by

AndreaSaltelli



AndreaSaltelli 2023/4/29 Using the methods

developed in the **#PNS** tradition one discovers how never as with the present pandemics have numbers, and the attendant activities of measuring and modelling, taken centre-stage. Yet these numbers, often delivered by academics and media alike with

Uncertainty is the locus of power conflicts; it can be inflated or deflated according to interests e.g. in regulatory capture



Futures Volume 135, January 2022, 102860



Science, the endless frontier of regulatory capture

Andrea Saltelli ^a 🝳 🖾 , Dorothy J. Dankel ^b ^c, Monica Di Fiore ^d, Nina Holland ^e, Martin Pigeon ^e

Show more 🗸

+ Add to Mendeley 😪 Share 🍠 Cite

Readings I liked

THE UNRAVELLING OF TECHNOCRATIC ORTHODOXY?

Suggested chapter

Contemporary knowledge politics in technology regulation

Patrick van Zwanenberg

PATHWAYS TO SUSTAINABILITY

THE POLITICS OF UNCERTAINTY

Challenges of Transformation

Edited by Ian Scoones and Andy Stirling

earthscan

Readings I liked

Suggested chapter

"La donnée n'est pas un donné": Statistics, Quantification and Democratic Choice

Robert Salais

EXECUTIVE POLITICS AND GOVERNANCE The New Politics of Numbers Utopia, Evidence and Democracy Edited by Andrea Mennicken · Robert Salais palgrave **OPEN ACCESS** macmillan



Environmental Science & Policy

Volume 142, April 2023, Pages 99-111



Impact assessment culture in the European Union. Time for something new?

<u>Andrea Saltelli</u>^{a b} ♀ ⊠, <u>Marta Kuc-Czarnecka</u>^c ⊠, <u>Samuele Lo Piano</u>^d ⊠, <u>Máté János Lőrincz</u>^d ⊠, <u>Magdalena Olczyk</u>^c ⊠, <u>Arnald Puy</u>^e ⊠, <u>Erik Reinert</u>^{f g} ⊠, <u>Stefán Thor Smith</u>^d ⊠, <u>Jeroen P. van der Sluijs</u>^{b h} ⊠ Own works: uncertainty in impact assessment

Use more 'lenses' Non-Ricardian Economics Post normal science System ecology (a-la-Rosen) (Feminist economics)



Environmental Science & Policy





The technique is never neutral. How methodological choices condition the generation of narratives for sustainability

Andrea Saltelli^{a b} A 🖾 , Lorenzo Benini^c, Silvio Funtowicz^a, Mario Giampietro^{d e}, Matthias Kaiser^a, Erik Reinert^{a f}, Jeroen P. van der Sluijs^{a g h}

How about uncertainty in climate science and policy ?



An ambivalence?



There is too much uncertainty and this prevents energetic action; more research is needed Science dispose of the tools to manage this uncertain to predicting the fate of the planet, humans and their economy

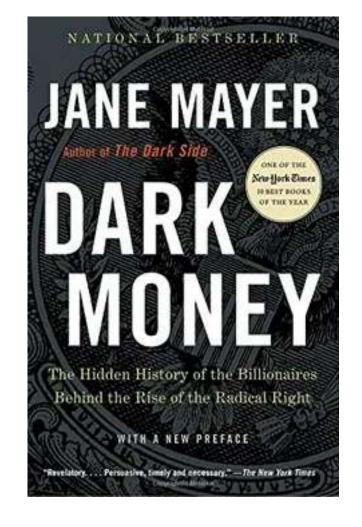
Janus Bifrons, Vatican Museum, Wikipedia Commons



Too much uncertainty (and this prevents energetic action) so that more research is needed

Perhaps we could change our consumption pattern





irrespective of whatdeniers tell us to do

WHO: 7 million people die every year of atmospheric pollution (outdoor and indoor)





→ 7,000,000 reasons to reduce the consumption of fossil fuels without awaiting the climatic Armageddon I am sceptical of an impending climatic catastrophe that can only be averted with a rapid exit from fossil fuel consumption …

... and this rapid exit is very much a fabricated narrative

Can the economy be made circular, or rapidly decarbonized?

··· against historical evidence of past transformations



The more things change, the more they stay the same: promises of bioeconomy and the economy of promises

Dennis Eversberg ^M, <u>Philip Koch</u>, <u>Rosa Lehmann</u>, <u>Andrea Saltelli</u>, <u>Sabaheta Ramcilovic-Suominen</u> & <u>Zora</u> <u>Kovacic</u>

Sustainability Science 18, 557–568 (2023) Cite this article

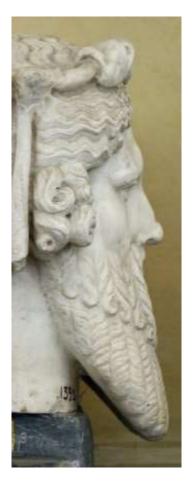


Sustainability Science

1103 Accesses 8 Altmetric Metrics

Mega initiatives such as Destination Earth and its Digital Twins to 'tame the uncertainty' in climate science

ribe
ition
j



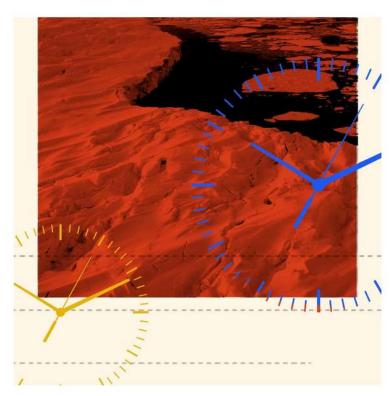
Science dispose of the tools to manage this uncertain to predicting the fate of the planet, humans and their economy A proliferation of fantastic model-generated numbers

OPINION PETER COY

"social cost of carbon:

'The Most Important Number You've Never Heard Of'

Sept. 17, 2021



=\$56 a ton on average at a 3 percent discount rate

=\$171 a ton on average at a 2 percent discount rate"

The New York Times

nature climate change

Article

https://doi.org/10.1038/s41558-023-01680-x

Social cost of carbon estimates have increased over time

Richard S. J. Tol

Received: 3 August 2022

Accepted: 23 April 2023

Published online: 15 May 2023

Check for updates

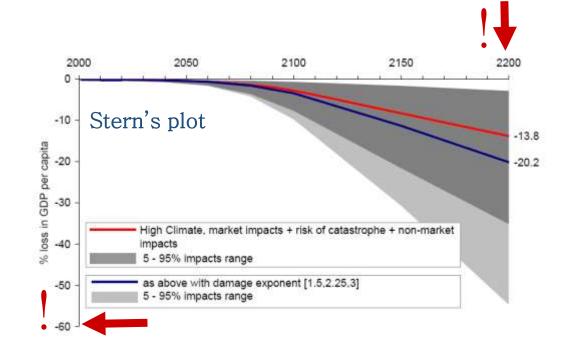
Mathematical models predicting the damage in dollars from hurricanes and draughts up to the year 2300



The Social Cost of Carbon: Advances in Long-Term Probabilistic Projections of Population, GDP, Emissions, and Discount Rates

Kevin Rennert, Brian C. Prest, William A. Pizer, Richard G. Newell, David Anthoff, Cora Kingdon, Lisa Rennels, Roger Cooke, Adrian E. Raftery, Hana Ševčíková, and Frank Errickson

Working Paper 21-28 October 2021 The Stern-Nordhaus controversy;
a reverse engineering the model:
→ uncertainty is too large to take decisions → both Stern and Nordhaus are wrong

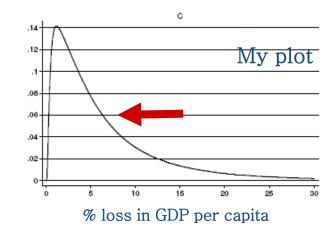


Slobal Environmental Chang

Global Environmental Change 20 (2010) 298–302



Sensitivity analysis didn't help. A practitioner's critique of the Stern review



Andrea Saltelli*, Beatrice D'Hombres

Joint Research Centre, Institute for the Protection and Security of the Citizen, Ispra, Italy



OXFORD

ScienceAdvances

Current Issue First release papers Archive About V

HOME > SCIENCE ADVANCES > VOL. 8, NO. 42 > MODELS WITH HIGHER EFFECTIVE DIMENSIONS TEND TO PRODUCE MORE UNCERTAIN ESTIMATES

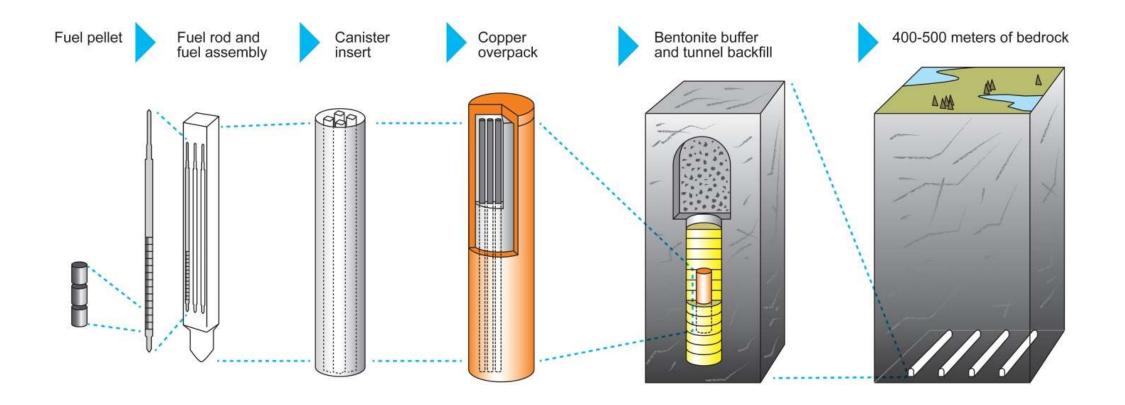
RESEARCH ARTICLE MATHEMATICS

f 🍠 in 🍲 🗫 🖾

Models with higher effective dimensions tend to produce more uncertain estimates

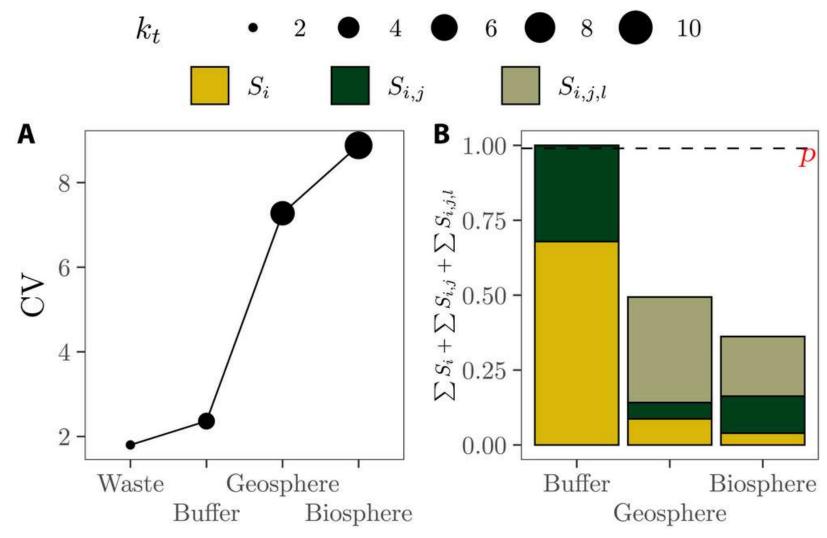


Ongoing work

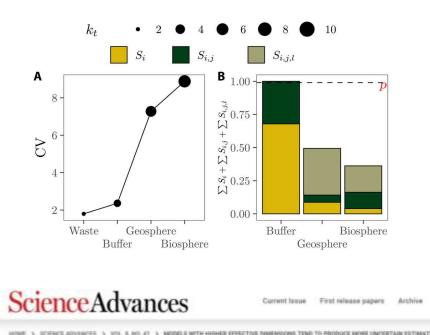


A typical nuclear waste disposal concept: the waste is separated from humans by a series of barriers.

Source: World Nuclear Organization, https://world-nuclear.org/information-library/nuclear-fuelcycle/nuclear-waste/storage-and-disposal-of-radioactive-waste.aspx

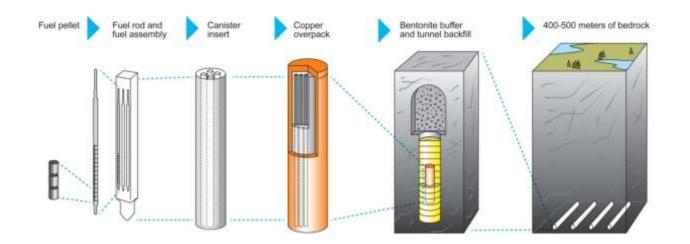


Propagating uncertainty across the barriers increases variability (CV=mean/std), effective dimension $(k_{t}),$ and the importance of interactions (S_{ij}, S_{ijk})



The regulation should not set limits on doses to humans in the biosphere, as done e.g. in the US, since these are impossible to predict with any certainty

A more realistic and defensible safety standard could be set as a maximum level of radioactivity leaving the buffer



Models with higher effective dimensions tend to produce more uncertain estimates

RESEARCH ARTICLE MATHEMATICS



The End



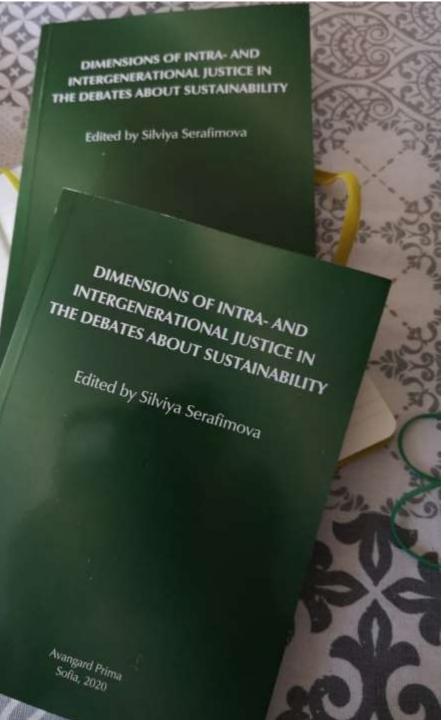
Outline

Uncertainty can be gamed strategically by different players

How about uncertainty in climate science and policy? An ambivalent attitude:

- There is too much uncertainty (and this prevents energetic action)
- \rightarrow So we need more research, e.g. Destination Earth and its Digital Twins
- Still science dispose of the tools to manage this uncertain to predicting the fate of the planet, humans and their economy
- \rightarrow As a result we see a proliferation of fantastic model-generated numbers

Premises associated to these narratives are from exaggerated to false. Models, specifically, need some form of societal scrutiny.





Chapter 3, A Climate of dialogue, with Paul-Marie Boulanger HOME ABOUT BLOG RULES PATREON DONATIONS

Climate Etc.

← Road to Climate Neutrality

Assessment of climate change risk to the insurance sector →

A climate of dialogue

https://judithcurry.com/2021/ 02/12/a-climate-of-dialogue/



Taken up by Judith Curry on her blog

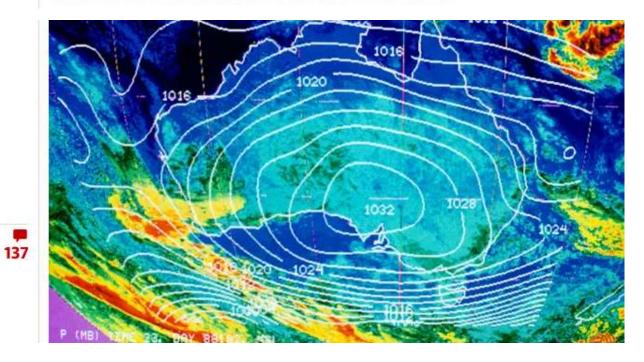
Climate science

Graham Readfearn

Sat 6 May 2023 21.00 BST

♥@readfearn

Climate scientists first laughed at a 'bizarre' campaign against the BoM then came the harassment



May 6th, 2023: scientists harassed and becoming sick because of sceptics

The Guardian

"My biggest concern was for the health of the climate scientists. They did that work admirably and stuck with it but for a significant number it affected their health and wellbeing and their professional standing. They were concerned it was going to damage their careers." Instead of fostering ecological sensitivity, a status of climatic exception boxes ecological problem into a single planetary container, where an **odourless and colourless gas** slowly increases the temperature of the planet

This vision risks obscuring the messier aspects of our impact on the planet



Since we need to fight all forms of fossil fuel we cannot fight the dirtiest, from tar sands to shale

gas fracking



Orders of worth

ON JUSTIFICATION ECONOMIES OF WORTH

Luc Boltanski & Laurent Thévenot

