

Ethics of quantification

Andrea Saltelli Open Evidence Research, Open University of Catalonia



Rosendal September 1-2 2021, Global Health Anthropology Research Group Wednesday September 1st: Social studies of quantification



Where to find this talk: www.andreasaltelli.eu



HOME ABOUT ME

JT ME PUBLICATIONS

NEWS & VIDEOS RESOURCES

(1)

CAETERIS ARE NEVER PARIBUS



🔁 andrea saltelli Retweeted

i-site ULNE @isiteULNE

#statistiques #probabilités #modélisation #prédiction Isabelle Bruno du #CERAPS @univ_lille @CNRS_HdF @ScPoLille nous parle des dérives de la #quantophrénie dans un article à lire sur le media @FR_Conversation https://twitter.com/FR_Conversation/status /1302651033164881920



Sep 7, 2020

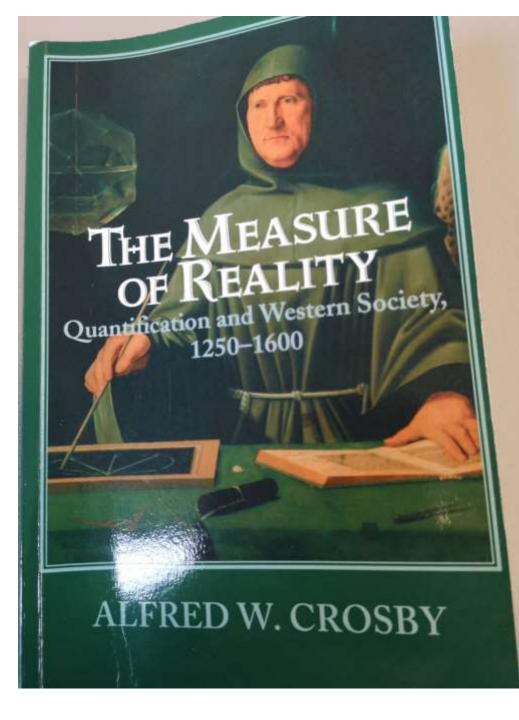
@Andrea saltelli

Pour mes amis francophones. Honoured to be coauthor of a statactivist like Isabelle Bruno du #CERAPS @univ_lille @CNRS_HdF @ScPoLille @OpenEvidence @UOCNews Statistiques et modèles mathématiques : doit-on

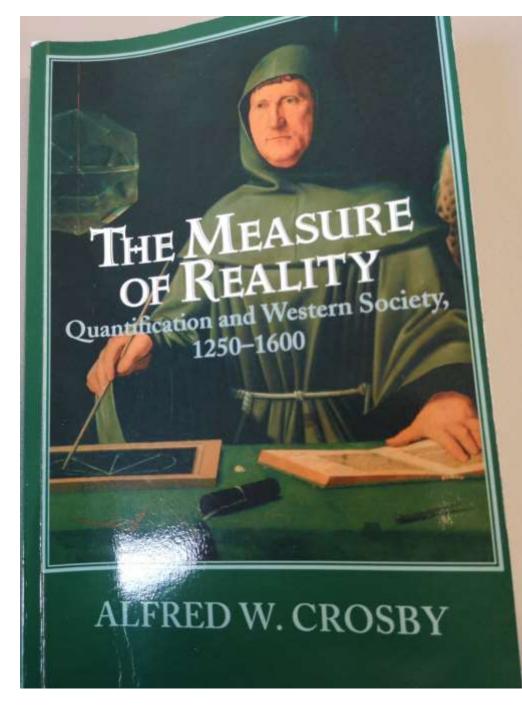
Embed

View on Twitter

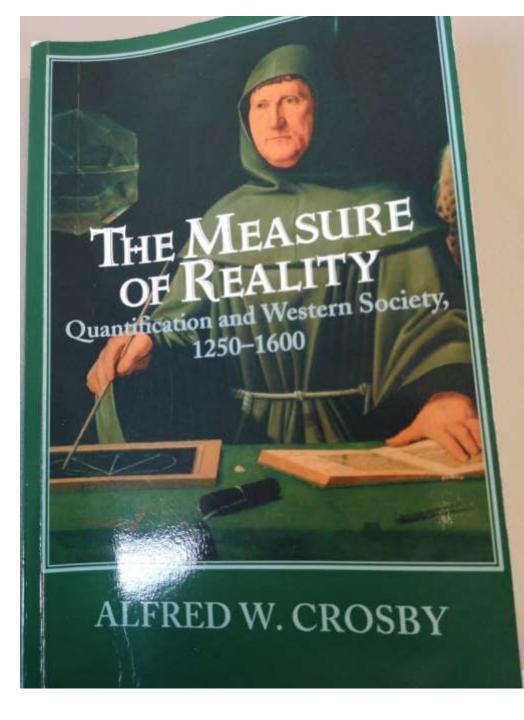




Were quantification and visualization the engine inside the engine of western success and domination?



Quantification and visualization of space and time gave rise in the XIV century to a true revolution, in music, painting, accounting, cartography, astronomy ...



... a revolution that in the following two centuries
XV-XVI ensured the epochal success of the
West and its domination over the rest of the world

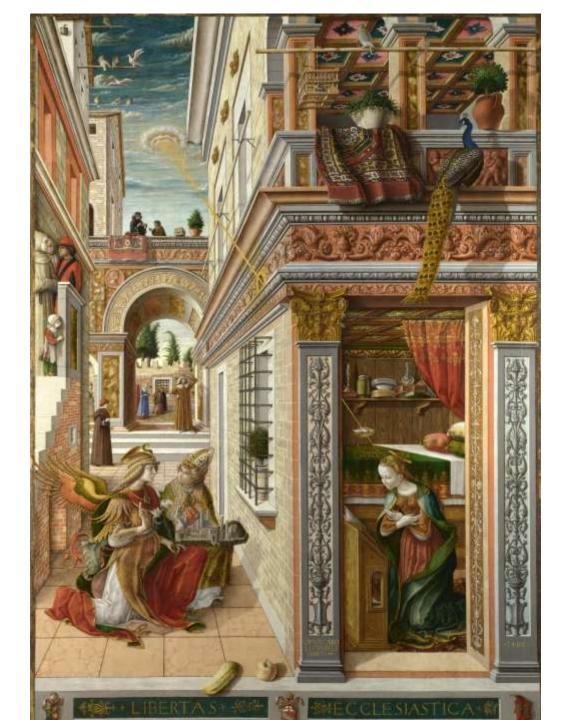
Pieter Bruegel the Elder, Temperance, 1560

Measuring, military technology (math), dispute on a printed bible, learning, accounting, perspective, polyphonic music, the windmill, the watch …

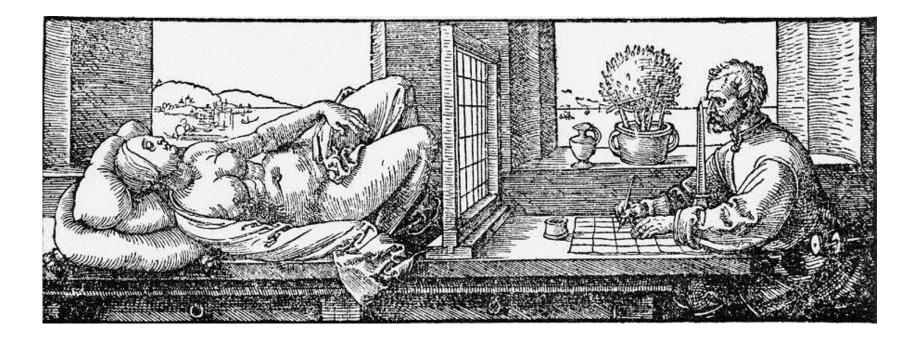




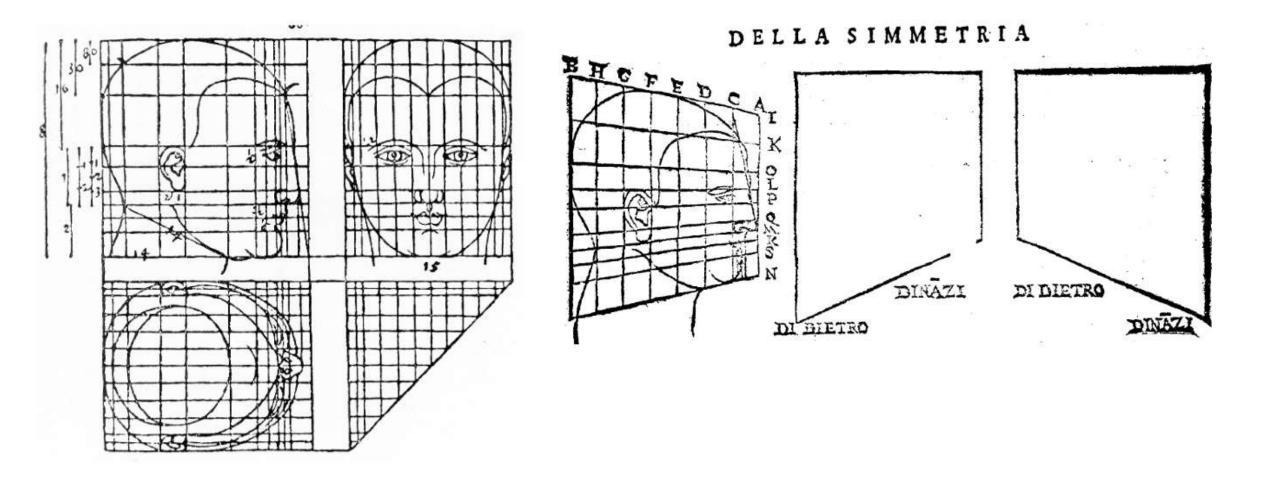
From the abacus to Arabic numerals



The Annunciation, Carlo Crivelli (1435, 1495)

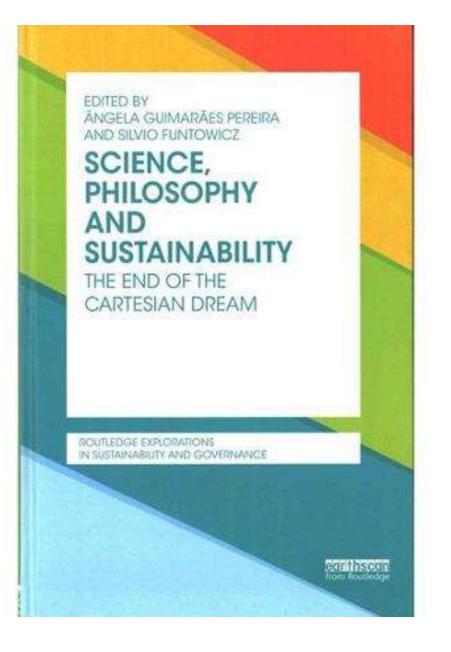


Draftsman Drawing a Reclining Nude Albrecht Dürer (1471–1528)



From "De Varietate figurarum" Albrecht Dürer (1471–1528) Quantification as a key element of the Cartesian Dream

Guimarães Pereira, Â, and Funtowicz, S, Eds, 2015, The end of the Cartesian dream, Routledge.



Many voices of alarm as to misuse of quantification

Numbers, visible and invisible…

Blurring lines:

"what qualities are specific to rankings, or indicators, or models, or algorithms?"

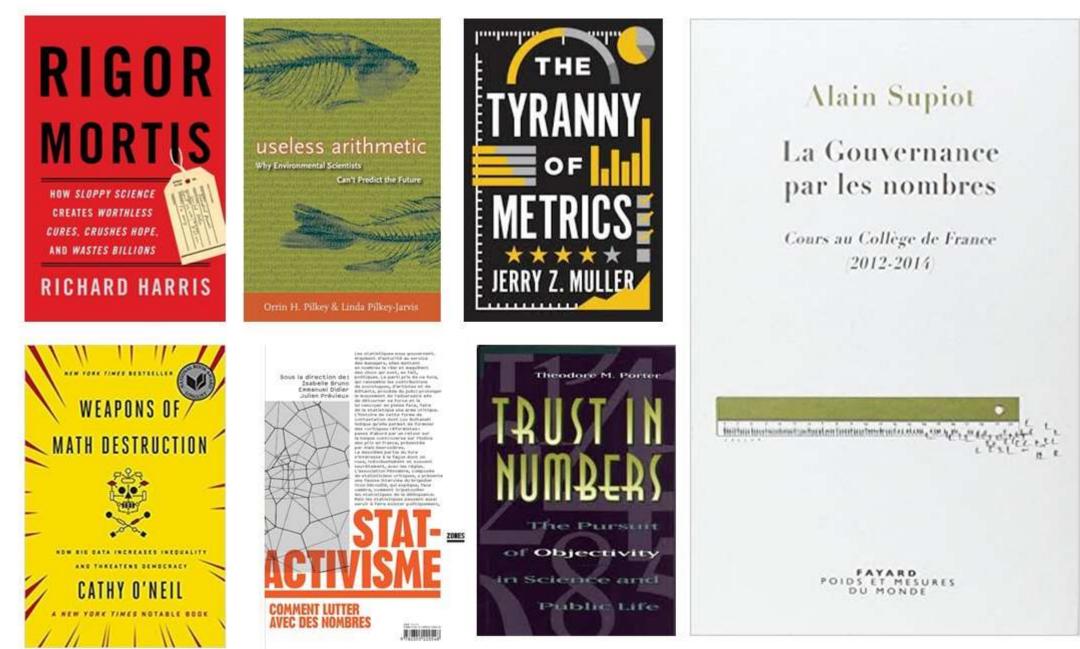


Elizabeth Popp Berman

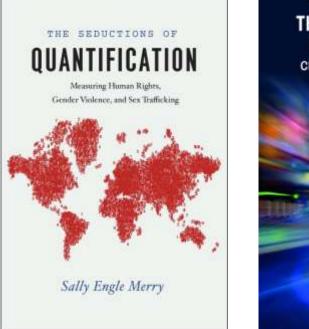
E. Popp Berman and D. Hirschman, The Sociology of Quantification: Where Are We Now?, Contemp. Sociol., vol. in press, 2017.

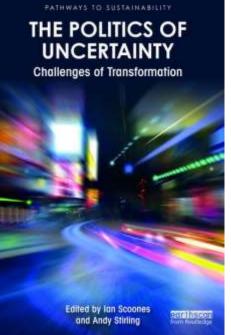
And an explosion of works, from within and without, from many disciplines

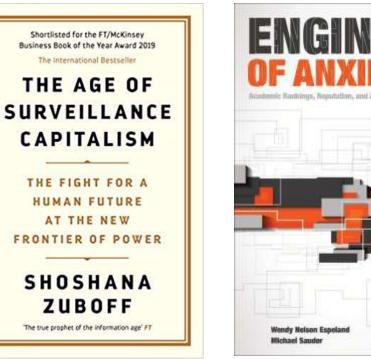
Algorithms, models, metrics, statistics…

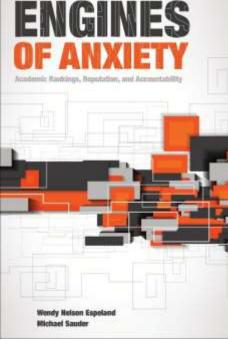


Algorithms, models, metrics, statistics…







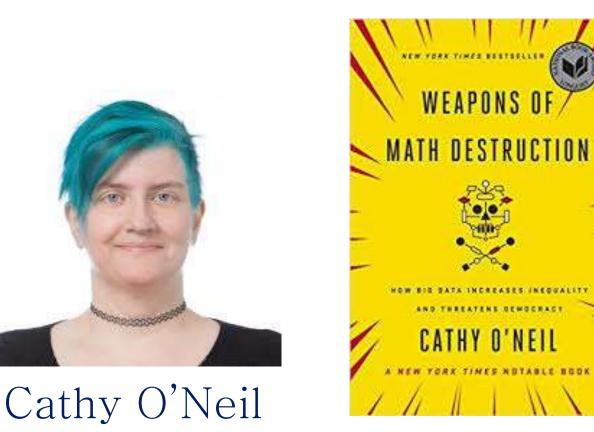


Numbers and their 'reactivity' (Espeland and Sauder, 2016)

Incumbent numbers affect what society will measure in the future (Merry 2016)

Numbers "create the environment that justifies their assumptions" (O'Neil, 2016)

Alarm for Weapons of Math Destruction

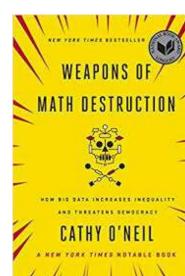


O'Neil, C. (2016). Weapons of math destruction : how big data increases inequality and threatens democracy. Random House Publishing Group.

Opacity (also because of trade secrecy) of algorithms used to decide on recruiting, carriers (including of researchers), prison sentencing, paroling, custody of minors, political campaigns…

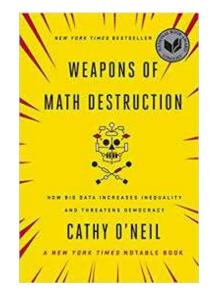
O'Neil, C. (2016). Weapons of math destruction : how big data increases inequality and threatens democracy. Random House Publishing Group.

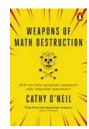
Brauneis, R., & Goodman, E. P. (2018). Algorithmic Transparency for the Smart City. Yale Journal of Law & Technology, 20, 103–176. Retrieved from https://papers.ssrn.com/sol3/papers.cfm?abstract_id=3012499



Opacity coupled with opportunity for scale and damage and with non-appealability make them an instrument of oppression & inequality

Cathy O'Neil Google talk https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TQHs8SA1qpk







UNLIMITED TV SHOWS & MOVIES JOIN NOW

CODEDBIAS

Coded Bias

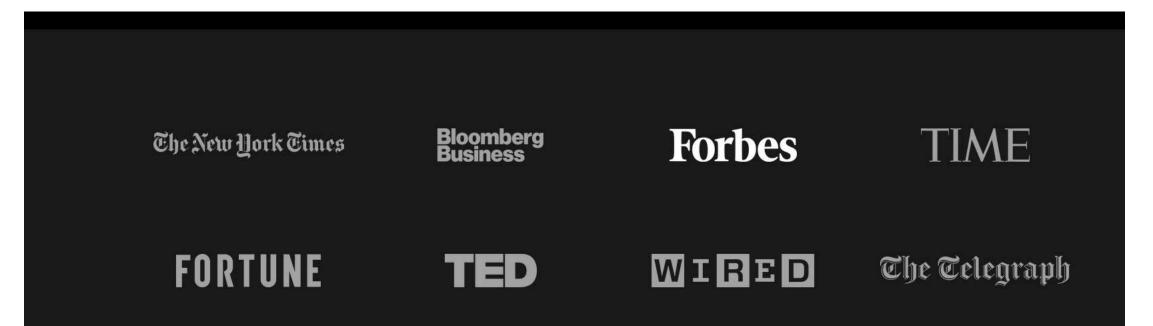
2020 | 12+ | 1h 25m | Science & Nature Docs

This documentary investigates the bias in algorithms after M.I.T. Media Lab researcher Joy Buolamwini uncovered flaws in facial recognition technology.



Algorithmic Justice League

https://www.ajl.org/



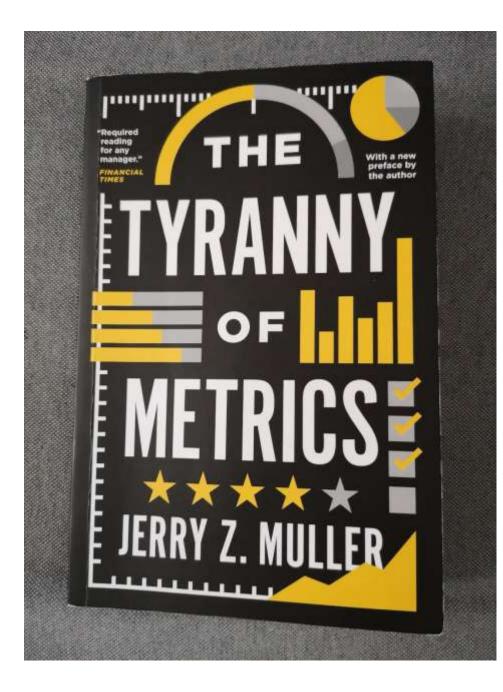


Charles Goodhart

p. 44 "Any … measures necessarily involve a loss of information … [and distorts behavior]" (Porter, 1995)

This is what we normally call Goodhart's law, from Charles Goodhart. "When a measure becomes a target, it ceases to be a good measure."

Also known as Campbell's law (1976); https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Goodhart%27s_law

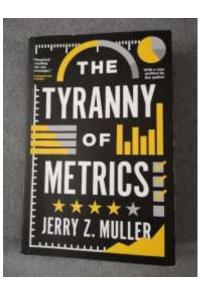


J. Z. Muller, The tyranny of metrics. Princeton University Press, 2018.

Metric fixation, or the irresistible pressure to measure performance

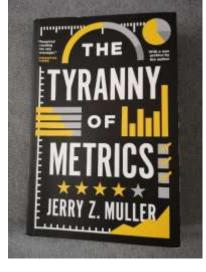
Gaming of metrics (recall Goodhart law)

A wealth of case studies from education to war to medicine to foreign aid..



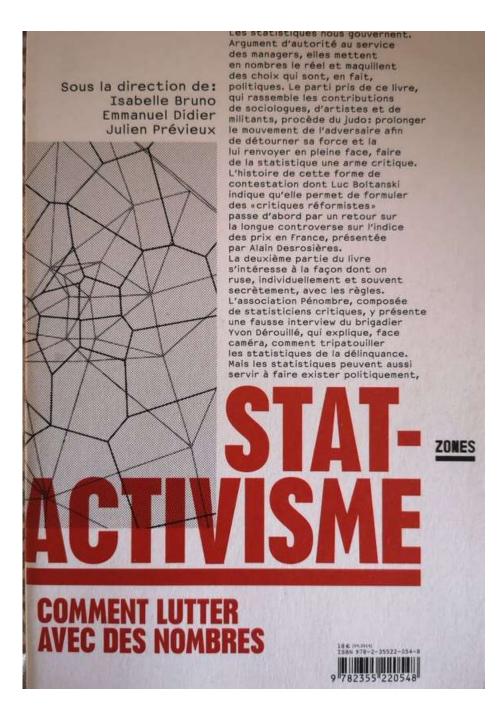
A concluding remark of Muller

Considering all of the above keep in mind at every step that "the best use of metrics may be not to use it at all"



Do we need a movement of resistance?

I. Bruno, E. Didier, and J. Prévieux, Statactivisme. Comment lutter avec des nombres. Paris: Zones, La Découverte, 2014





Shortlisted for the FT/McKinsey Business Book of the Year Award 2019 The international Bestseller

THE AGE OF SURVEILLANCE CAPITALISM

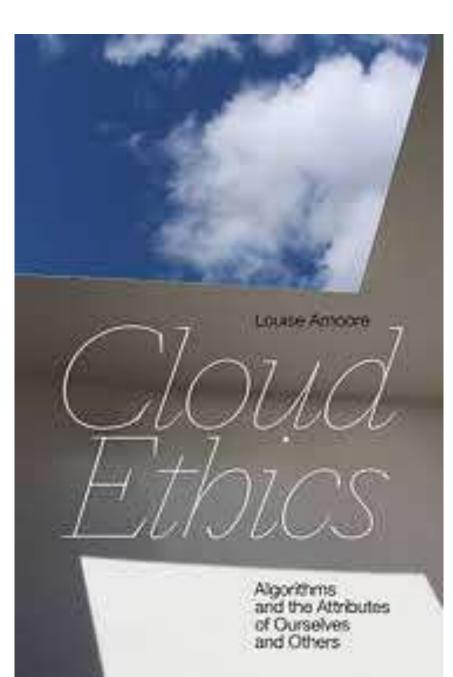
THE FIGHT FOR A HUMAN FUTURE AT THE NEW FRONTIER OF POWER A project of domination of consumers and voters is made possible by artificial intelligence, big data & cognitive psychology

Inequality, power asymmetries and the world of surveillance capitalism

The true prophet of the information age' FI

SHOSHANA

ZUBOFF



Making algorithms 'good' or 'transparent' is beyond the point. Algorithms create new norms of good or bad.

Algorithm = ethicopolitical arrangement of values, assumptions, and propositions about the world



Louise Amoore

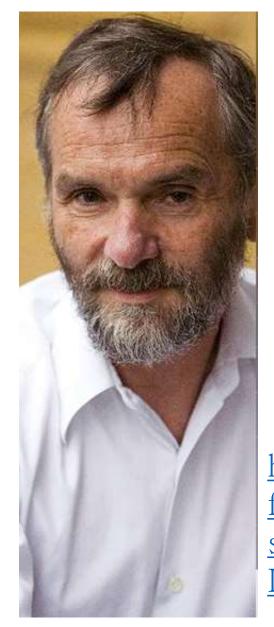


Nick Couldry and Ulises Mejias

Data colonialism: rethinking big data's relation to the contemporary subject

Couldry, Nick and Mejias, Ulises (2018) Data colonialism: rethinking big data's relation to the contemporary subject. Television and New Media, vol. 20, 4: pp. 336-349.

Alain Supiot



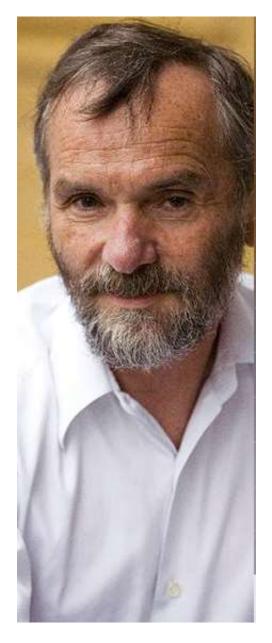
An indictment of the Total Market and the normative uses of economic quantification **Alain Supiot**

La Gouvernance par les nombres

Cours au Collège de France 2012-2014

<u>https://www.college-de-</u> <u>france.fr/site/en-alain-</u> <u>supiot/Governance-by-Numbers-</u> <u>Introduction.htm</u> FAYARD POIDS ET MESURES DU MONDE

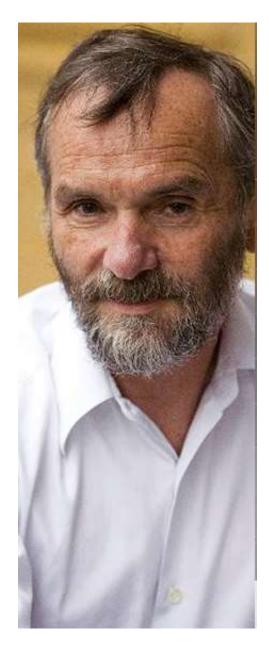
Alain Supiot



••••we have entered the era of the cybernetic imaginary, which revives the West's age-old dream of grounding social harmony in calculations.

Repudiating the goal of governing by just laws, this new discourse advocates in its stead the attainment of measurable objectives efficiently

Alain Supiot



... This leaves no option open to populations or countries than to ride roughshod over social legislation, and pledge allegiance to those stronger than they are

Dangers of mathematization of economics





Wolfgang Drechsler

Erik S. Reinert



Paul Romer



Philip Mirowski

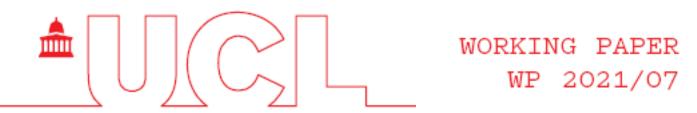
W. Drechsler, "On the possibility of quantitative-mathematical social science, chiefly economics," *J. Econ. Stud.*, vol. 27, no. 4/5, pp. 246–259, 2000.

E. S. Reinert, "Full circle: economics from scholasticism through innovation and back into mathematical scholasticism," *J. Econ. Stud.*, vol. 27, no. 4/5, pp. 364–376, Aug. 2000.

P. Romer, "Mathiness in the Theory of Economic Growth," Am. Econ. Rev., vol. 105, no. 5, pp. 89–93, May 2015.

Mirowski, Philip. 2013. Never Let a Serious Crisis Go to Waste: How Neoliberalism Survived the Financial Meltdown. Verso.





Altered States: Cartesian and Ricardian dreams

Erik S. Reinert

Tallinn University of Technology UCL Institute for Innovation and Public Purpose

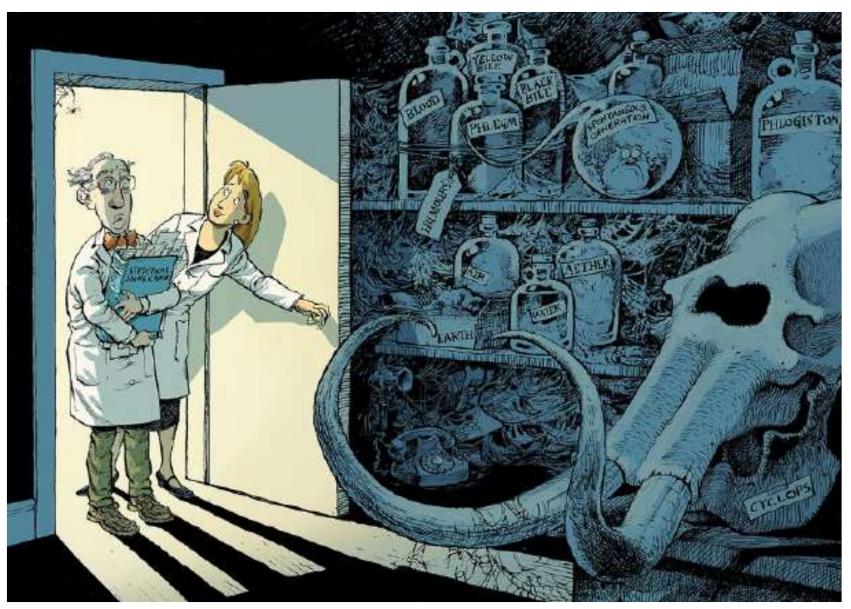
Monica di Fiore

Institute for Cognitive Sciences and Technologies, Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche

Andrea Saltelli

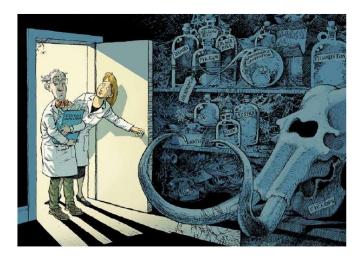
Open Evidence Research, Universitat Oberta de Catalunya (UOC)

Jerome R. Ravetz Institute for Science, Innovation and Society, University of Oxford Statistical and mathematical modelling



Throw away the concept of statistical significance?





COMMENT · 20 MARCH 2019

Scientists rise up against statistical significance

Valentin Amrhein, Sander Greenland, Blake McShane and more than 800 signatories call for an end to hyped claims and the dismissal of possibly crucial effects.

Valentin Amrhein 🖾, Sander Greenland & Blake McShane

See the discussion on the blog of Andrew Gelman https://statmodeling.stat.columbia.edu/



seach

A. Saltelli (Guest post): What can we learn from the debate on statistical significance?

Posted on November 22, 2019 by Mayo

Professor Andrea Saltelli Centre for the Study of the Sciences and the Humanities (SVT), University of Bergen (UIB, Norway),

∝ Open Evidence Research, Universitat Oberta de Catalunya (UOC), Barcelona

What can we learn from the debate on statistical significance?

SIGNIFICANC

Business

Culture

S

Cargo-cult statistics and scientific crisis



Written by Philip B. Stark and Andrea Saltelli on 05 July 2018. Posted in Science

Statistics in the wake of the reproducibility crisis

Politics

Statistical wars?

COMMENT · 24 JUNE 2020

Five ways to ensure that models serve society: a manifesto

Pandemic politics highlight how predictions need to be transparent and humble to invite insight, not blame.



✓ nature

Andrea Saltelli ⊠, Gabriele Bammer, Isabelle Bruno, Erica Charters, Monica Di Fiore, Emmanuel Didier, Wendy Nelson Espeland, John Kay, Samuele Lo Piano, Deborah Mayo, Roger Pielke Jr, Tommaso Portaluri, Theodore M. Porter, Arnald Puy, Ismael Rafols, Jerome R. Ravetz, Erik Reinert, Daniel Sarewitz, Philip B. Stark, Andrew Stirling, Jeroen van der Sluijs & Paolo Vineis

3 modellers Lo Piano, Puy, Saltelli 2 experts models and society Pielke, van der Sluijs

3 statisticians Mayo, Stark, Portaluri

2 statactivistes Bruno, Didier

2 economists Kay, Raynert

1 epidemiologist vineis

2 sociologists of quantification

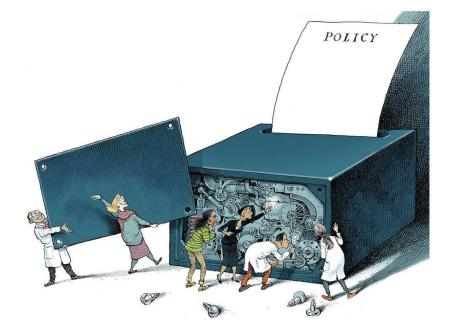
Espeland, Porter

3 STS scholars Bammer, Sarewitz, Stirling

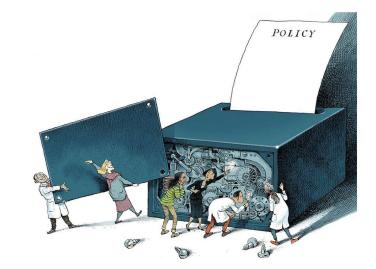
1 philosopher Ravetz

1 historian Charters

- 1 political scientists Di Fiore
- 1 expert RRI Open Science Rafols



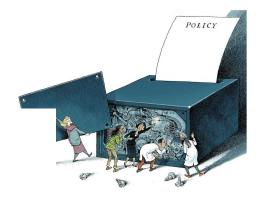
COVID has put mathematical models in the limelight



→ Power & controversy

Power

The New York Times



Behind the Virus Report That Jarred the U.S. and the U.K. to Action

It wasn't so much the numbers themselves, frightening though they were, as who reported them: Imperial College London.

Landler, Mark, and Stephen Castle. 2020. Behind the Virus Report That Jarred the U.S. and the U.K. to Action - The New York Times.

Conflicts, when questions of urgency, stakes, values and uncertainty collide

"Wild-Ass Covid numbers ... The minute I hear anybody start talking about models and modeling, I blanch"

Rush Limbaugh



Rhodes, Tim, and Kari Lancaster. 2020. "Mathematical Models as Public Troubles in COVID-19 Infection Control: Following the Numbers", Health Sociology Review 1–18. doi: 10.1080/14461242.2020.1764376

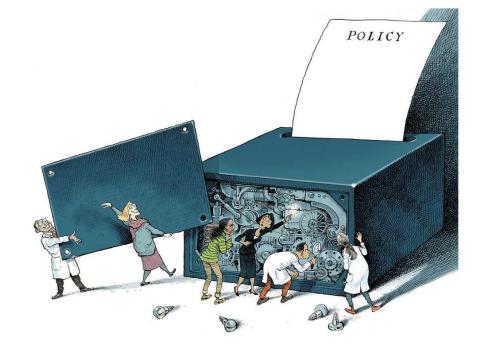
Assess uncertainty and sensitivity

Mind the hubris

Complexity can be the enemy of relevance

Mind the framing

Match purpose and context



Mind the consequences

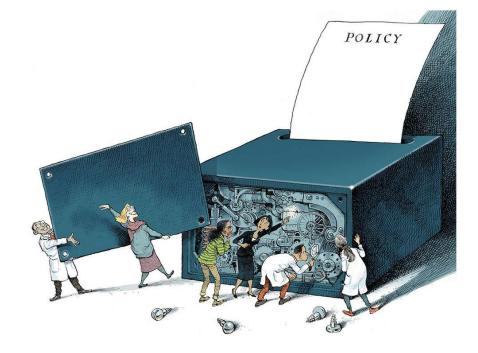
Quantification can backfire.

Mind the unknowns

Acknowledge ignorance

Assess uncertainty and sensitivity

… models require input values for which there is no reliable information...

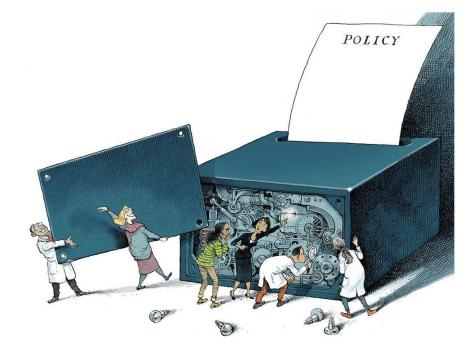


...global uncertainty and sensitivity analyses are often not done. Anyone turning to a model for insight should demand them

Assess uncertainty and sensitivity



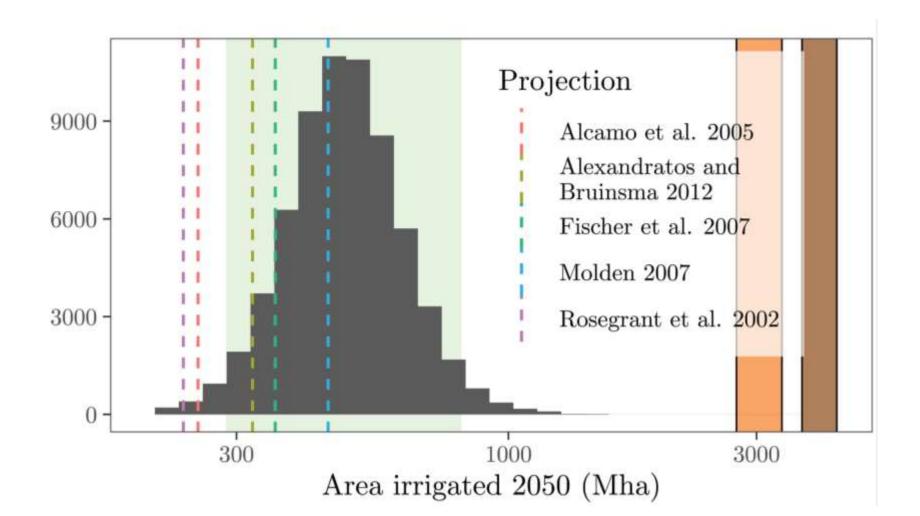
··· this may lead to interesting discoveries ···



Geophysical Research Letters

Current Models Underestimate Future Irrigated Areas

A. Puy 🔀, S. Lo Piano, A. Saltelli First published: 17 April 2020 https://doi.org/10.1029/2020GL087360



Models ask as input information which we don't have – The case of WEBTAG

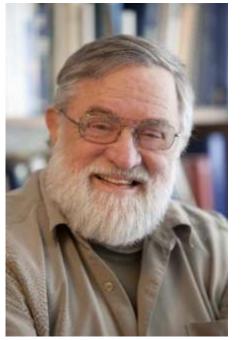
John Kay

J. A. Kay, "Knowing when we don't know," 2012, https://www.ifs.org.uk/docs/john_kay_feb2012.pdf



WebTAG: Annual Percentage Change in Car Occupancy (% pa) up to 2036

Journey Purpose	Weekday						
	7am- 10am	10am- 4pm	4pm-7pm	7pm-7am	Weekday Average	Weekend	All Week
Work	-0.48	-0.4	-0.62	-0.5	-0.44	-0.48	-0.45
Non - Work (commuting and other)	-0.67	-0.65	-0.53	-0.47	-0.59	-0.52	-0.56



Orrin H. Pilkey

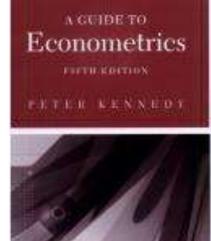
More examples in Useless Arithmetic: Why Environmental Scientists Can't Predict the Future, by Orrin H. Pilkey and Linda Pilkey-Jarvis

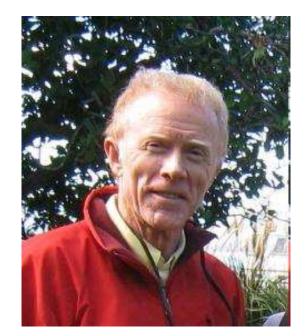
useless arithmetic

Onio H. Piley & Linda Pilen-Jawa

Peter Kennedy, A Guide to Econometrics.

One of the ten commandments of applied econometrics according to Peter Kennedy:





Peter Kennedy

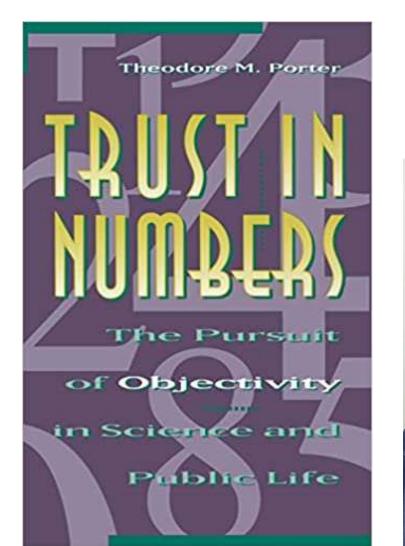
"Thou shall confess in the presence of sensitivity. Corollary: Thou shall anticipate criticism "



"One reason these methods [global sensitivity analysis] are rarely used is their honesty seems destructive;"

"or, to put it another way, a fanatical commitment to fanciful formal models is often needed to create the appearance of progress"

Tantalus on the Road to Asymptopia, Edward E. Leamer, 2010 *Journal of Economic Perspectives*, **24**, (2), 31–46.



Cost benefit analysis: chapter 7 in Porter's book Trust in Numbers", Princeton, 1995



Theodor Porter

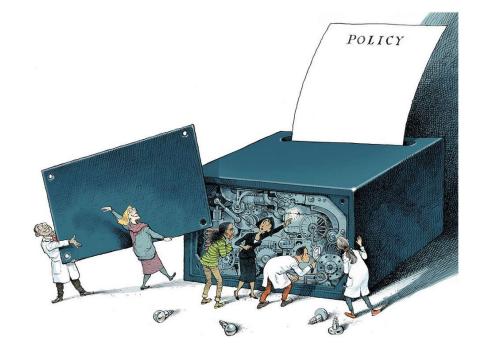
Assess uncertainty and sensitivity



Complexity can be the enemy of relevance

Mind the framing

Match purpose and context



Mind the consequences

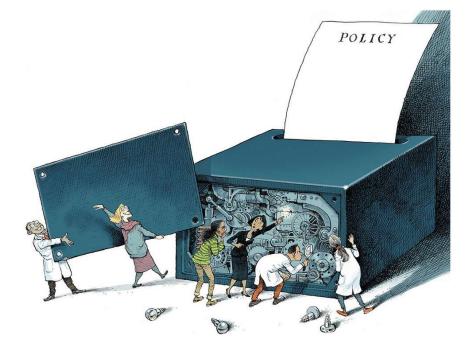
Quantification can backfire.

Mind the unknowns

Acknowledge ignorance

Mind the hubris

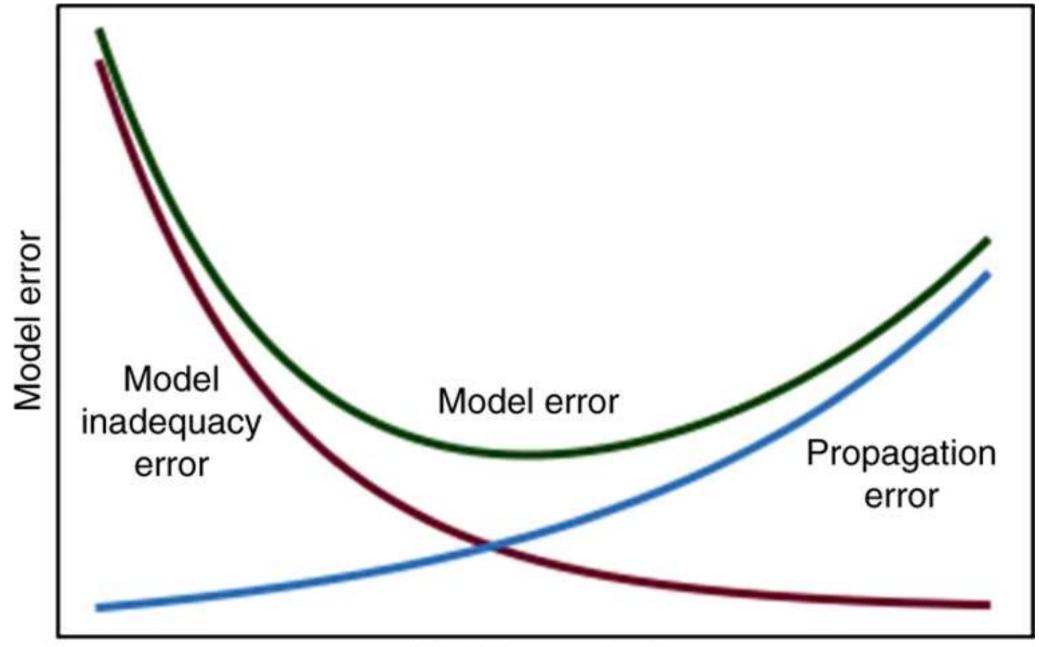
Complexity can be the enemy of relevance



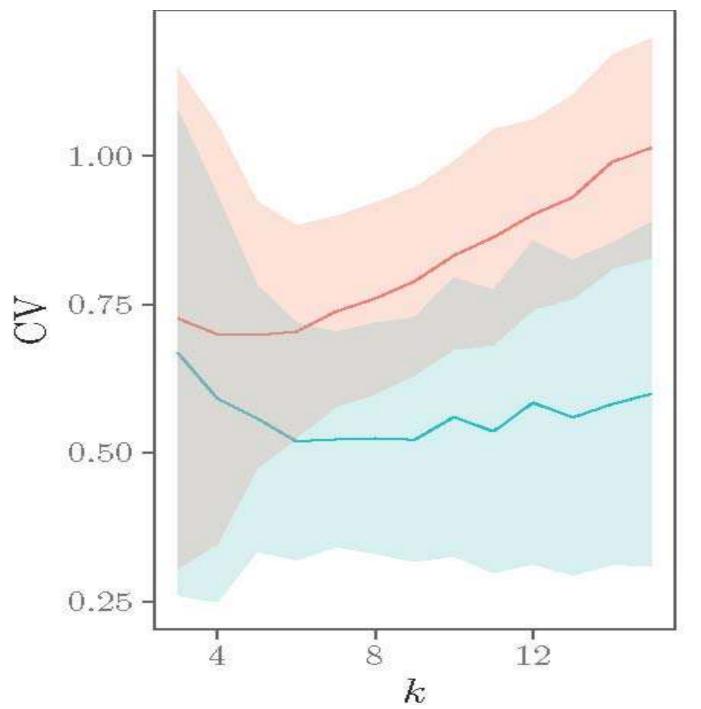
... many are seduced by the idea of adding complexity in an attempt to capture reality more accurately, but...

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

1. Additional information and references >260 references



Model complexity



O'Neil conjecture CV=coeff. of variation= STD/mean k model dimensionality

Interactions

Up to the k-th order Up to the n-th order

with $n \le k$

From A. Puy et al, "Effective dimension and model uncertainty", **paper in progress**

Assess uncertainty and sensitivity

Mind the hubris

Complexity can be the enemy of relevance

Mind the framing

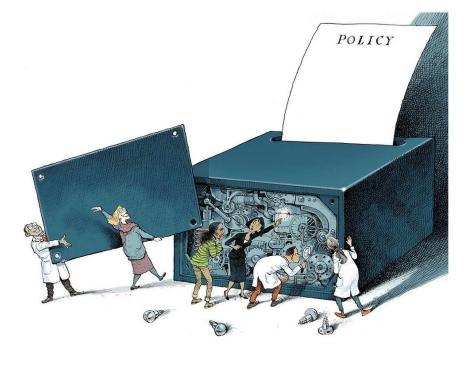
Match purpose and context

Mind the consequences

Quantification can backfire.

Mind the unknowns

Acknowledge ignorance



Mind the framing

Match purpose and context

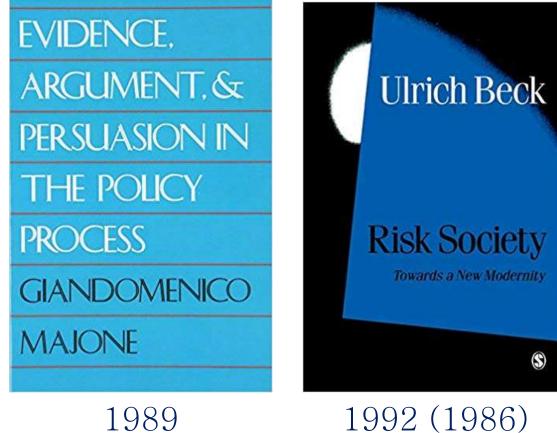


··· models will reflect the interests, disciplinary orientations and biases of the developers…

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

1. Additional information and references >260 references

From Ulrich Beck to Giandomenico Majone: the technique is never neutral





ELSEVIER

Environmental Science & Policy Volume 106, April 2020, Pages 87-98

Ulrich Beck

(1944 - 2015)

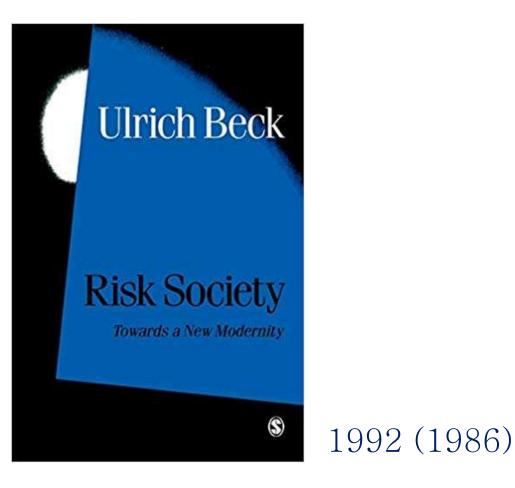


The technique is never neutral. How methodological choices condition the generation of narratives for sustainability

Andrea Saltelli ^{a, b} $\stackrel{\circ}{\sim}$ $\stackrel{\boxtimes}{\sim}$, Lorenzo Benini ^c, Silvio Funtowicz ^a, Mario Giampietro ^{d, e}, Matthias Kaiser ^a, Erik Reinert^{a, f}, Jeroen P. van der Sluijs^{a, g, h}



"It is not uncommon for political programs to be decided in advance simply by the choice of what expert representatives are included in the circle of advisers."





Ulrich Beck (1944 –2015) The technique is never neutral. How methodological choices condition the generation of narratives for sustainability





Andrea Saltelli ^{a, b} A M, Lorenzo Benini ^c, Silvio Funtowicz ^a, Mario Giampietro ^{d, e}, Matthias Kaiser ^a, Erik Reinert ^{a, f}, Jeroen P. van der Sluijs ^{a, g, h}

Combine more lenses, including Post-normal science (PNS), Bioeconomics, and Non-Ricardian economics

On reductionism

THE UNRAVELLING OF TECHNOCRATIC ORTHODOXY?

Contemporary knowledge politics in technology regulation

Patrick van Zwanenberg

PATHWAYS TO SUSTAINABILITY

THE POLITICS OF UNCERTAINTY

Challenges of Transformation

Edited by lan Scoones and Andy Stirling

earthscan

Frames as hypocognition & Socially constructed ignorance



Steve Rayner

Rayner, S., 2012, Uncomfortable knowledge: the social construction of ignorance in science and environmental policy discourses, Economy and Society, 41:1, 107-125.

Rayner's (2012) strategies to deal with "uncomfortable knowledge".

Denial, Dismissal, Diversion, Displacement Model based

Rayner, S., 2012, Uncomfortable knowledge: the social construction of ignorance in science and environmental policy discourses, Economy and Society, 41:1, 107–125.

Displacement: "The model we have developed tells us that real progress is being achieved" (The focus in now the model not the problem).

Rayner, S., 2012, Uncomfortable knowledge: the social construction of ignorance in science and environmental policy discourses, Economy and Society, 41:1, 107–125.

Example of displacement: Chesapeake Bay Program (CBP) modelling work

"Bay models are used to track nutrient loads to ensure the cap is not exceeded"

→The model results – rather than the actual measurements, become the substance of use

Rayner, S., 2012, Uncomfortable knowledge: the social construction of ignorance in science and environmental policy discourses, Economy and Society, 41:1, 107–125.

PREDICTION

Science, Decision Making,

and the Future of Nature

Edited by Daniel Sarewitz, Roger A. Pielke, Jr., and Radford Byerly Model GENESIS for beach erosion



US Army Corps of Engineers ®

Manipulated to support coastal-engineering projects

It neglected the role of extreme event

Sarewitz, D., Pielke, R. A. & Byerly, R. *Prediction: Science, Decision Making, and the Future of Nature* (Island Press, 2000).

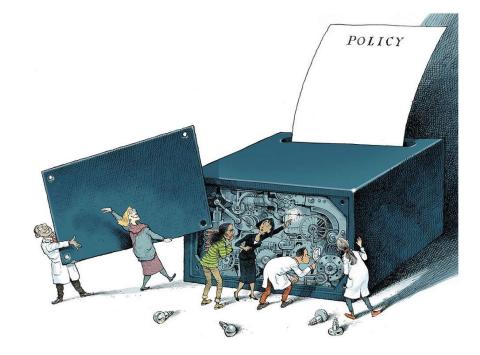
Assess uncertainty and sensitivity

Mind the hubris

Complexity can be the enemy of relevance

Mind the framing

Match purpose and context





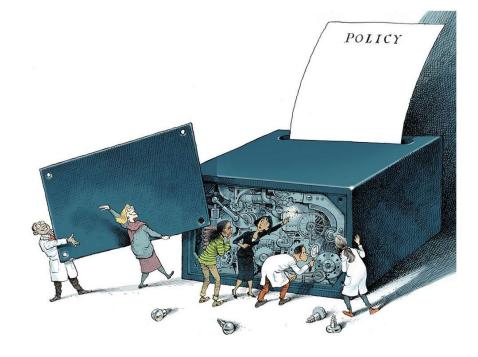
Quantification can backfire.

Mind the unknowns

Acknowledge ignorance

Mind the consequences

Quantification can backfire.



From the risk of financial products to the management of costal zones to the models for disaster insurance bad modelling may lead to wrong decisions

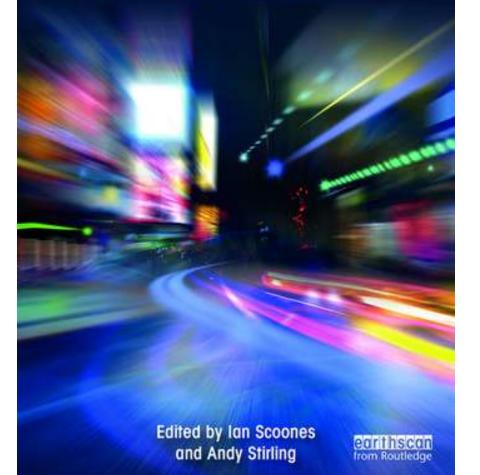
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

1. Additional information and references >260 references

PATHWAYS TO SUSTAINABILITY

THE POLITICS OF UNCERTAINTY

Challenges of Transformation



3

SHARING RISKS OR PROLIFERATING UNCERTAINTIES?

Insurance, disaster and development

Leigh Johnson

Model-based parametric insurance led to dramatic consequences for developing countries experiencing draughts

Open access: https://www.taylorfrancis.com/books/politicsuncertainty-ian-scoones-andystirling/e/10.4324/9781003023845

New WHO estimates: Up to 190 000 people could die of COVID-19 in Africa if not controlled

07 May 2020

Brazzaville – Eighty-three thousand to 190 000 people in Africa could die of COVID-19 and 29 million to 44 million could get infected in the first year of the pandemic if containment measures fail, a new study by the World Health Organization (WHO) Regional Office for Africa finds. The research, which is based on prediction modelling, looks at 47 countries in the



Speculative scenario in which ten uncertain input probabilities are increased by an arbitrary 10% — as if they were truly equally uncertain — with no theoretical or empirical basis for such a choice





Mind the assumptions

Assess uncertainty and sensitivity

Mind the hubris

Complexity can be the enemy of relevance

Mind the framing

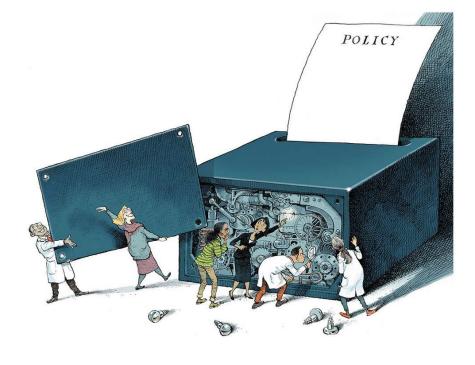
Match purpose and context

Mind the consequences

Quantification can backfire.



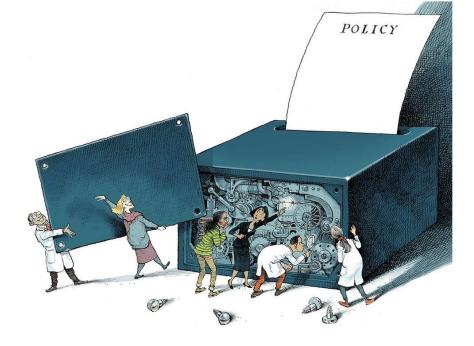
Acknowledge ignorance



Mind the unknowns

Acknowledge ignorance

"there is no number-answer to your question"

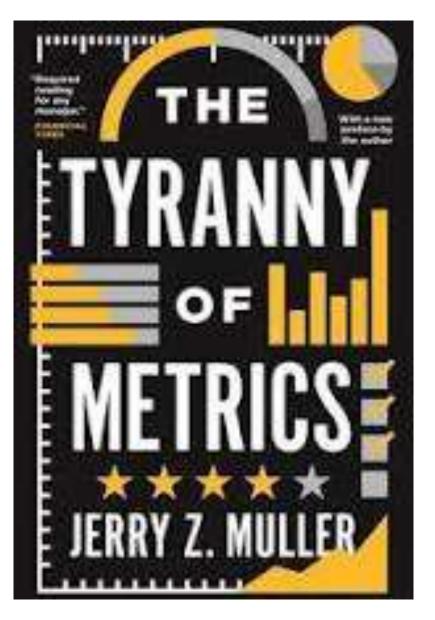




SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

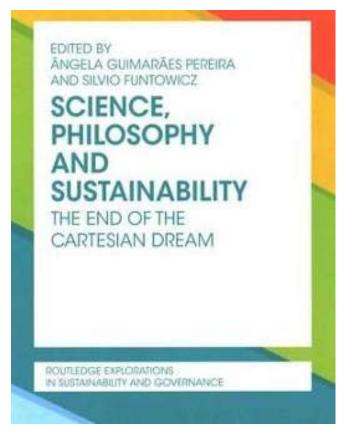
Anthony Fauci

1. Additional information and references >260 references



As already mentioned:

"keep in mind at every step that the best use of metrics may be not to use it at all"





Jerry Ravetz

Ravetz, J, R, 2015, Descartes and the rediscovery of

1gnorance, in Guimarães Pereira, Â, and Funtowicz, S, Eds, 2015, The end of the Cartesian dream, Routledge.

Ravetz, J., R., 1987, Usable Knowledge, Usable Ignorance, Incomplete Science with Policy Implications, Knowledge: Creation, Diffusion, Utilization, 9(1), 87–116.



Futures

Volume 91, August 2017, Pages 62-71



Original research article

What is wrong with evidence based policy, and how can it be improved?

Andrea Saltelli ^{a, b, c} 옷 쩓, Mario Giampietro ^{a, c, d}

Responsible use of quantitative information; try via negativa (N. Taleb); instead of proving policy options try to falsify them



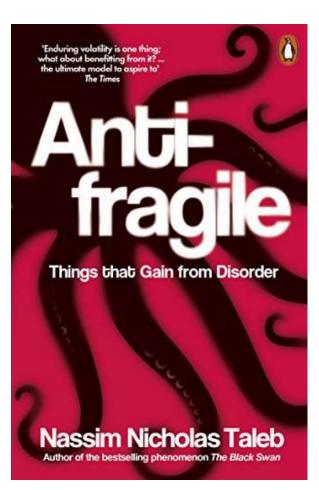
Futures Volume 91, August 2017, Pages 62-71



Original research article

What is wrong with evidence based policy, and how can it be improved?

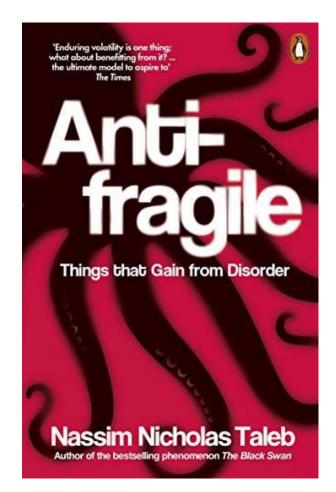
Andrea Saltelli ^{a, b, c} 은 쩓, Mario Giampietro ^{a, c, d}



"...we know what is wrong with more clarity than what is right, and that knowledge grows by subtraction

 \cdots easier to know that something is wrong than to find the fix \cdots

Actions that remove are more robust than those that add because addition may have unseen, complicated feedback loops"



Falsification of the available options based on:

- Feasibility (compatibility with external constraints),
- Viability (compatibility with internal constraints), and
- Desirability (compatibility with normative values adopted in the given society)



Futures Volume 91, August 2017, Pages 62-71

Original research article

What is wrong with evidence based policy, and how can it be improved?

Andrea Saltelli ^{a, b, c} 옷 쩓, Mario Giampietro ^{a, c, d}



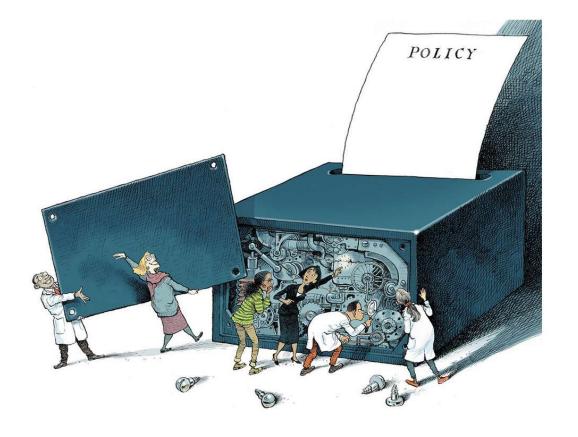
nature

Explore content ~ Journal information ~ Publish with us ~

nature > comment > article

COMMENT 24 June 2020

Five ways to ensure that models serve society: a manifesto



Responsible modelling; reciprocal domestication between models and society



"Modellers must not be permitted to project more certainty than their models deserve;

and politicians must not be allowed to offload accountability to models of their choosing"

Beyond models

Andrea Saltelli

Open Evidence Research, Universitat Oberta de Catalunya, Barcelona, Spain

Antonio Andreoni

Why ethics of our antification or Or UCL Institute for Innovation and Public Purpose; South African Research Chair in Industrial Development, University of Johannesburg, South

Wolfgang Drechsler

Tallinn University of Technology, Estonia; UCL Institute for Innovation and Public Purpose; Davis Center at Harvard University, United States

Jayati Ghosh

University of Massachusetts Amherst, United States;

UCL Institute for Innovation and Public Purpose

Rainer Kattel

UCL Institute for Innovation and Public Purpose

Ingrid H. Kvangraven

Department of Politics, University of York

Ismael Rafols

Centre for Science and Technology Studies, Leiden University, the Netherlands

Erik S. Reinert

Tallinn University of Technology, Estonia; UCL Institute for Innovation and Public Purpose

Andy Stirling

Science Policy Research Unit, University of Sussex

Ting Xu

School of Law at the University of Essex



UCL Institute for Innovation and Public Purpose

WORKING PAPER WP 2021/05



 \cdots our world is structured by numbers, visible and invisible, where truth is conveyed and reality constructed

Numbers are seductive, performative, confer to their masters' epistemic power and legitimacy

Governing the modern state, or even contesting it, without numbers is impossible

Numbers are the prevalent means to express value in our societies … Access & production of numbers reflect and reinforce power imbalances



WORKING PAPER WP 2021/05 Numbers capture our attention; they illuminate the part of reality which is being numerified, and fatally push those parts into the background which come without the clothing of …

 \cdots numbers are so deeply entrenched in our existence that we barely reflect on them critically them anymore — too close to us, they have become part of the very lens through which we attend to and comprehend the world.



Scope for harm from 'wrong numbers' e.g. in :

- Medical research
- Higher education
- Governance of science
- Finance
- Numbers from international organizations
 - Food and Agriculture Organization
 - The World Bank
 - OECD
 - •••

IIPP

'Trendy' methods may also harm

- Randomized control trials) may be misused to suggest more general conclusions that may not be valid
- Sophisticated statistical/econometric techniques that can be designed in ways that promote particular policy conclusions reflecting researchers' biases



nature

COMMENT 21 March 2018

A global observatory for gene editing

Sheila Jasanoff and J. Benjamin Hurlbut call for an international network of scholars and organizations to support a new kind of conversation.

Sheila Jasanoff 🖾 & J. Benjamin Hurlbut 🖾



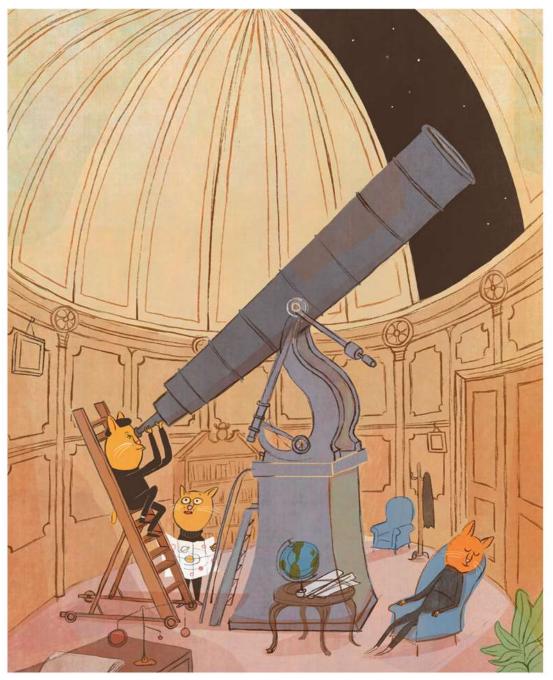
Illustration by Marina Muun

... the potential of numbers to inflict harm is on par or superior to those of biotechnologies



UCL Institute for Innovation and Public Purpose

WORKING PAPER WP 2021/05 … then how about an
observatory for visible
and invisible numbers ?



Source: Tor Freeman, http://tormalore.blogspot.com/

Existing initiatives looking at quantification

[Project] SSSQ - Society for the Social Studies of Quantification





Cnrs

THE ALGORITHMIC JUSTICE LEAGUE





Andrea Saltelli

www.andreasaltelli.eu

ABOUT ME PUBLICATIONS **NEWS & VIDEOS** HOME RESOURCES Tweets by @AndreaSaltelli 0 andrea saltelli @AndreaSaltelli Impressive asymmetry of power in the ongoing CAETERIS ARE battle on social and environmental sustainability... 🤨 🙁 https://twitter.com **NEVER PARIBUS** /marpinoir/status/1409405623725400065 C $[\rightarrow$ Jun 28, 2021 0 andrea saltelli @AndreaSaltelli Replying to @AndreaSaltelli Should we come to term with the fact that the internet - at the end of the day - proved to be an instrument of oppression and domination rather than one of freedom and emancipation? 🔔 C \rightarrow Jun 27, 2021 Embed View on Twitter

The End

